The Bombay Gazette.

No. 6,837.—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1868.

Annual Subscription in advance...Rupees Fifty Two

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For year in advance, delivered in Town	Rs.	52 0
——— including postage.....	„	72 0
For half year in advance, delivered in Town...	„	28 0
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Single Copy for Cash	„	0 4
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TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten lines and under

First insertion	Rs.	5 0
Second Ditto.....	„	2 8
Third Ditto.....	„	2 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions ..	„	0 2 As. per

line, but no advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

The Charge for notifying a Domestic Occurrence is One Rupee.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

PINHEY—February 5th, at the Court House, Tanna, the wife of Sobert Hill Pinhey, Esq., Judge and Sessions Judge of the Konkun, of a daughter.

BENGAL.

BIRTH.

GAUSSEN—January 27th, at Alipore, Calcutta, Mrs. David Gaussen, of a daughter

DAWE—January 31st, at Hastings, Calcutta, the wife of Mr. W. H. Dawe, of a son

MARRIAGES.

MEANSON—BROWN—January 30th, at St. John's Church, Cannie, by the Rev. J. Stephenson, M.A., James Henry Arthur Meanson, Secretary-at-Law, to Mary Ann, daughter of Philip Brown, Esq., of Yarmouth, Norfolk.

SAVI—HUMBLEBY—January 29th, at Kishnaghur, by the Rev. E. C. Sneade, M. A., Henry Pesebis, second son of Thomas Savi, Esq., to Louisa, second daughter of the Rev. C. H. Blumhardt.

SHIPPING.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH THE PERSIAN GULF, VIA KURRACHEE AND GUADUR.

(Interchanging Cargo and passengers at Bussorah, to and from Bagdad, with the Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company.)

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), under mail contract with Government, despatch Steamers twice a month from Bombay to the Persian Gulf, touching at Kurrachee, Gundur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingu, Bushire, and Bussorah.

Leave Bombay	3rd & 17th	Leave Bussorah....	31st & 4th
„ Kurrachee ..		„ Bushire	
„ Gundur		„ Lingu	
„ Muscat		„ Bunder Abbas.	
„ Bunder Abbas.		„ Muscat	
„ Lingu		„ Gundur	
„ Bushire		„ Kurrachee ...	
Arrive Bussorah ...		Arrive Bombay ...	

The Steam-ship "KURRACHEE," 600 Tons, 120 H. P., Commander A. Cottier, will be despatched as above on MONDAY, 17th February, at 4 P. M.

Bombay, 6th February, 1868. W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH KURRACHEE.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), under contract with Government, despatch a Steamer with mails, passengers, and Cargo to Kurrachee twelve hours after the arrival of the P. and O. Company's Mail Steamers from Suez.

Dates of Departure.

From Bombay usually about ..... 11th and 25th.
„ Kurrachee on..... 19th and 25th.

The Steam Ship "COMORIN," 450 tons, 80 H. P., Commander R. Taunton, will be despatched twelve hours after the arrival of the next Overland Mail.

N. B.—When the English Mail arrives betwixt 6 P. M. and 6 A. M. the Kurrachee Steamer sails punctually twelve hours after, but when it arrives betwixt 6 A. M. and 6 P. M. it is despatched at 7 the following morning; this is to avoid Passengers embarking at night. When the sailing time falls upon a Sunday the Steamer is despatched at 7 A. M. on the Monday morning.

Bombay, 6th February, 1868. W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH MALABAR COAST, CEYLON, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED), under contract with Government, despatch steamers as above with mails, passengers, and cargo on the following dates:—

Leave Bombay	15	Leave Calicutta	15
„ Carwar	16	„ Bimlipatam	18
„ Vizagapatam	19	„ Vizagapatam	19
„ Cannanore	19	„ Cocanada	19
„ Calicut	13	„ Madras	23
„ Mahe	24	„ Pondicherry	24
„ Tuticorin	30	„ Negapatam	24
„ Columbo	29	„ Galle	27
„ Galle	31	„ Columbo	27
„ Negapatam	24	„ Tuticorin	28
„ Pondicherry	25	„ Cochin	29
„ Madras	27	„ Calicut	30
„ Cocanada	29	„ Cannanore	1
„ Vizagapatam	30	„ Mangalore	1
„ Bimlipatam	30	„ Carwar	2
Arrive Calcutta	3	„ Arrive Bombay	4

The Steam-ship "BURMAH," 1,025 Tons, 200 H. P., Captain W. H. Parker, will sail for the above ports on Saturday the 15th February.

The steamers leaving Calcutta and Bombay on the 15th of the month, call at Tuticorin and Columbo.

This route is the most expeditious and economical for passengers for the Neilgherrie district, Bangalore, and Madras, who can land at Calicut for Beypore, and proceed from thence by rail.

Passengers for Calcutta can take the same route, picking up the steamer at Madras.

Passengers for Rangoon, Akyab or Moulmein can proceed by the steamers of the 15th and tranship to the Rangoon mail steamer which leaves Madras on the 3rd.

N. B.—Until further notice there will be no steamers leaving Bombay and Calcutta on the 1st of each month for the Coast and intermediate ports.

W. NICOL & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 8th February, 1868.

EXTRA STEAMER TO THE MALABAR COAST.

THE B. I. S. N. COMPANY (LIMITED) will despatch the S. S. "Mariana," 510 tons, (30 H. P. Commander J. C Sharp, on SATURDAY the 8th February at noon, for Cochin, calling at Ratnagherry, Vingoria, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cananance, Tellicherry, Calicut, and Cochin. Returning to Bombay, about 20th.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(*To sail about 15th March.*)

THE A I Ship "DULEEP SING," 1,194 tons register, Captain Jennings, has excellent accommodation for first class passengers, and will be despatched as above. For further particulars apply to

W. NICOL & Co.,
Agents Ship *Duleep Sing*.

NOTICE.—CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Ship *British Nation*, arrived from London, are requested to despatch boats at once to take delivery, otherwise the same will be landed by the Captain at the risk and expense of the concerned.

W. NICOL & Co.,
Agents of ship *British Nation*.

Bombay, 6th February, 1868.

NOTICE.—Consignees of cargo per Ship "FOREST RIGHTS," Captain Cary, from London, are requested to send boats alongside to take delivery of their respective cargoes, as they come to hand, failing which they will be landed by the Captain on account and risk of the concerned.

Captain Cary will not be responsible for the condition of any Package after it has once left the Ship's deck.

Delivery orders accompanied with Bills of Lading to be sent to the office of the undersigned for counter-signature.

BLACKWELL & Co.,
Agents for Captain Cary, Ship *Forest Rights*.

Bombay 3rd February. 1868.

TO IMPORTERS AND MERCHANTS.

G. L. DE SAN & EM. DIETZ, Commission Merchants, Brussels, Belgium, Supply IRON, IRONWORK, and MACHINERY, WIRE, NAILS, ZINC, WINDOW GLASS, GLASSWARE, CANDLES, PRINTING PAPER, and all articles of Belgium Manufacture.

Orders, accompanied by a remittance for approximate value, promptly executed, and every information furnished upon application. All articles, except Window Glass quoted f. o. b. in the Thames.

MRS. HERN,

3, MEADOW STREET, FORT.

HAS the pleasure to announce the arrival "Per Overland," of an extensive assortment of Fashionable Millinery, &c.,—

BONNETS of every description.
HATS for Ladies and Children.
INFANTS WHITE and COLORED Silk Hats and Hoods.
A SELECT assortment of FINEST FRENCH FLOWERS, for Bonnets and Head-dresses.
FEATHERS, Ribbons, Blonde, Laces.
New Jackets without sleeves in embroidered Silk, Llama and Glacy Lock.
GARABALDI'S in great variety.
BLACK Lace Shawls and Rotondes.
„ Silk Paletots in all the newest shapes.
„ for Children.
BALL DRESSES, Bodies, Fans, Lace Handkerchiefs.
GLACE SILKS, Black, White, and Colored.
MOIRE ANTIQUE „ „ „
GRENADINE, MOHAIRS, TARLATANS, ALPACCAS, new Right Rep Silk for Dresses, LLAMAS, LINENS, PIQUES, DORIAS, CHINTZ.
BRIDAL WREATHS, Orange Wreaths and Head Dresses.
WHITE and COLORED PETTICOATS. Black, White, and Colored Crops.
KINGERBOCK for suits for Boys, Children's Dresses.
READY MADE SKIRTS.
JET Chains,
„ Brooches,
„ Earrings,
„ Bracelets,
„ Combs,
GOLD Buckles,
„ Brooches, &c., &c.

Has always on hand a large and fashionable stock of MILLINERY,

BONNETS, HATS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, TRIMMINGS, DRESSES, BALL DRESSES, &c., &c.

and is prepared to execute

WEDDING, MOURNING AND OTHER ORDERS.

Up-country orders must be accompanied by remittance o satisfactory reference in Bombay.

SHIPPING.

OVERLAND FREIGHT ROUTE.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ AND LIVERPOOL.

THE Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company (Limited) will despatch steamers to Suez about the 5th and 20th of each month calling at Aden. Returning steamers will leave Suez about the 1st and 15th of every month. Through Bills of Lading to Liverpool (by steamer from Alexandria) will be granted by the undersigned, and from Liverpool to Bombay by the Company's Agent in England.

RATES OF FARES TO SUEZ.

First Class.....£45 } Exclusive of Wines.
Second Class.....£25 }

For Freight or Passage apply to Messrs. Tod, Kennard & Co., 11, Rumford Street, Liverpool; Messrs. Tod, Rathbone & Co., Alexandria; or the undersigned at Bombay.

The S. S. "KRISHNA," 1,500 tons, Captain Hansom, will be despatched about the 20th February next.

STEARNS, HOBART & Co.
Treasurers and Managers.

STEAM TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

THE Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company (Limited) under arrangements entered into with the Austrian Lloyd's Steam Navigation Company, book cargo through to both the above ports, and passengers to Trieste only.

For Passengers.

First Class.....£44 10 0 } Including Railway
Second Class.....£27 5 0 } Transit through Egypt.

For further particulars and rates of freight apply to

STEARNS, HOBART & Co.,
Treasurers and Managers.

Bombay, 12th July 1866.

STEAM TO MARSEILLES.

THE BOMBAY AND BENGAL STEAM SHIP COMPANY (LIMITED).—Under arrangements entered into with the Compagnie Marseillaise de Navigation a Vapeur, are prepared to undertake the carriage of passengers and cargo between Bombay and Marseilles.

For Freight and Passage apply to Messrs. FRAISSINET PERE et Fils Marseilles or to the undersigned at Bombay.

STEARNS, HOBART & Co.,
Treasurers and Managers.

23rd May 1867.

OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

GENTLEMEN proceeding Home should procure their requirements at BADHAM'S, the Goods will be found suited to the climate and of the most modern style.

REQUIREMENTS FOR THE VOYAGE.

4	Dozen Silk and Wool Shirts.	1	Scarf Ring.
2	„ Linen Collars.	1	Walking Stick.
½	„ Under-Vests.	1	Umbrella.
1	„ Fine White Cotton Socks.	1	Binocular Glass.
		1	Rug with Strap.
1	„ Fine Colored do.	1	Dressing Bag.
1	„ White Cambric Handkerchiefs.	1	Hand Portmanteau.
		2	Overland Trunks.
1	„ Colored do. do.	1	Clothes Bag.
1	(one) Overland Suit.	1	Opera Hat.
2	(two) Sleeping Suits.	1	Travelling Hat.
2	(two) Pairs Kid Gloves.	1	Courier Bag.
6	(six) Scarfs and Ties.	1	Easy Chair.

Apollo House. BADHAM & Co.

CORRESPONDING FIRM;
BADHAM BROTHERS.

NOTICES.

DAVE CARSON'S MINSTRELS

ARE COMING.

ABYSSINIAN COT AND MATTRESS—THE COT is the lightest, most portable, cheapest, and at the same time the most useful yet made, weighs about 14 lbs.; net cash Rs. 25.

Horse hair roll Mattress to suit the Cot; net cash Rs. 20

Rampart Row. SOUNDY & CO.

THE BOMBAY AND BENGAL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY (LIMITED) IN LIQUIDATION.—NOTICE is hereby given, that a first distribution of assets of Rs. 550 per share will be paid on production of share-certificates at the registered office of the Company, Elphinstone Circle, on and after Friday, January 3rd, 1868.

MORARJEE GOCULDASS.
Liquidators of the B. & B. S. S. Co. Lt.

Bombay, 26th December, 1867.

NOTICE TO OVERLAND PASSENGERS.—Messrs. ROGHE & Co., 14, Meadow Street, have been appointed Agents for the undersigned, and will arrange to land all heavy luggage from Steamers for Passengers proceeding Inland by Deccan Horse Dak as well as ship it from the Railway Station for those bound homewards.—Daks will also be booked at the office, 14 Meadow Street.

HOWARD BROTHERS,
Proprietors "Deccan Horse Dak" and "Jubbulpore Bullock Train."

Bombay, 30th November, 1867.

PORT CANNING LAND INVESTMENT, (RECLAMATION, AND DOCK COMPANY (LIMITED.)—It is hereby notified, by order of the Calcutta Board of Directors that the registration of transfer of SHARES in the Company, standing in the names of F. S. HILLER G. M. STRATHERS, H. REINHOLD, E. VANCUTSERE, J. M. HALL and J. BORRADAILE will be stopped until the first Call of Rupees one thousand per share be paid upon five hundred shares numbered 2796 to 3295.

RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 3rd January, 1868.

LINDLEY & WARREN,

PHOTOGRAPHERS & JEWELLERS,

22, APOLLO STREET,

PHOTOGRAPHS in all the newest styles taken daily at the Studio in Apollo Street from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., and earlier by appointment.

Ladies and Gentlemen attended at their own Bungalows for Groups, Views, &c., without any extra charge.

Lockets, Brooches, Bracelets, Earrings, Charms, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Albertz and other Guard Chains, of first Class quality and make, also Carte de Visite and other Albums for 2 and 4, Cartes de Visite on a page. A large collection of views, groups, and characters C. D. V. are always open for inspection.

Ladies and Gentlemen purchasing any articles of Jewellery from L. & W. that will carry a Photo., will have the same taken and inserted free of charge.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.—ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH—NOTICE.—TELEGRAPH SERVICE between Calcutta and Bombay by the GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA and EAST INDIAN RAILWAY TELEGRAPH.

The Public are hereby informed that from the 1st February next messages will be received for transmission at Bombay for Calcutta and at Calcutta for Bombay at a through service rate of Rs. 4 annas 8 per group of 20 words and an additional charge of Rs. 2 for every half group of 10 words in excess.

Messages will also be received for transmission from any station to any station on either lines.

Any further information can be furnished on application to the undersigned or at any of the stations of the East Indian and G. I. P. Railway lines.

JOHN BLACKWELL,
Telegraph Superintendent.

Byculla, 21st January, 1868.

DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

MESSRS. ROGERS & Co. having since the appearance of their Advertisement of "Selling Off" been frequently written to by intending purchasers to furnish them with an approximate idea of the reduced rates for ready cash mentioned therein, they now beg to inform such and all who desire a really good article at a moderate cost, that they are prepared to allow a discount of 15 per cent. off purchases not exceeding Rs. (5) Five, and/or all in excess of that sum 25 per cent. discount, or one-forth less than the prices hitherto charged by them.

It must be evident that an opportunity so advantageous to buyers, can only be offered by a firm in course of liquidation, and consequently cannot last long, a circumstance which Messrs. R. & Co. hope their former patrons and others, both in Bombay and up-country, will not delay to profit by.

The following is a list of the principal commodities now obtainable at R. & Co.'s establishments, Bombay, Byculla, and Poona, all of which are subject to the terms quoted above:—

MEDICINE CHESTS, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.
REQUISITES for the Sick Chamber and Nursery.
HYDROMETERS, THERMOMETERS, BAROMETERS.
SELTZOGENES, for making Soda Water.
FRENCH ELECTRO-MAGNETIC MACHINES.
MACDOUGAL'S POWDER, about two tons.
CONDY'S FLUID, MURRAY'S SPECIFIC.
GOA POWDER, a cure for Ringworm.
GRANULAR CITRATE OF MAGNESIA.
EFFERVESCING CHELTENHAM SALTS.
BRIDGE'S SARSAPARILLA.
BLAIR'S GOUT AND RHEUMATIC PILLS.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.
DE JONGH'S COD LIVER OIL.
LAZARUS'S ESSENCE OF CHIRETTA.
HOCKIN'S SEIDLITZ, BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.
COMPTON'S PASTE, VIOLET POWDER.
POMMADE HONGROISE, COSMETIQUE.
MACASSAR OIL, ODONIO.
PERFUMES BY VIOLET AND LUBIN.
ROBB'S BISCUITS, CORN FLOUR.
FEEDING BOTTLES, NURSERY LAMPS.
TRAVELLING AND OTHER BLOCK TIN BATHS.
JAPANNED TIN BOXES, INKSTANDS.
SPECTACLES, EYE GLASSES.
FLOWER VASES, TOILET BOTTLES.
SOAP BOXES, FLESH GLOVES.
TOILET AND BAR SOAPS.
HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS.
TOOTH BRUSHES, NAIL SCISSORS.
MEERSCHAUM, BRIAR, AND CLAY PIPES.
CHERRY STEMS, CIGARETTE PAPER.
COCONADA CHEROOTS, TOBACCOS.
GAMES, CRICKET BATS, &c.
And other sundries too numerous to mention.

Orders from outstations must be accompanied by a remittance.

P. S.—Messrs. ROGERS & Co. much regret having occasion to remark that their call for the Payment of outstanding debts has not been responded to in that spirit which they think the consideration they have always shown their customers in these matters justly entitle them to.

22, Rampart Row, 1st February 1868.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—RESPECTABLE BOARDING and LODGING, at No. 4, Victoria Street, opposite the Artillery Lines, where every attention is paid to secure the comfort of Lodgers.

TERMS—MODERATE.

Camp, Kurrachee

ART EXHIBITION.—Intending Exhibitors are requested to send their contributions without further delay.

J. GRIFFITHS,
Honorary Secy. to the Art Exhibition Committee.

Framjee Cowasjee Institute, Esplanade, Bombay, 5th February 1868.

LANDON & Co., ARMY TAILORS & OUTFITTERS, 7, New Burlington Street, London.—Beg to NOTIFY to their PATRONS and the Officers of BOMBAY STAFF CORPS generally, that they are prepared to supply the NEW PATTERN HELMET lately authorized for that service by Circular No. 2, dated Mahableshwur, 22nd April 1867.

Dress Helmet....£3-15-0 } Supplied FREE OF OVER-
Undress do. ....£1-11-6 } LAND CARRIAGE from Southampton to Bombay.

ELPHINSTONE LAND AND PRESS COMPANY (LIMITED).—NOTICE is hereby given that all new shares on which the 3rd CALL of Rs. 500, with interest, is not paid within seven days from the date hereof, will be forfeited for the benefit of the Company, and legal proceedings will be taken against defaulting shareholders for the recovery of the amount due.

By order of the Directors,
W. NICOL & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, 3rd February 1868.

NOW OPEN.

NEW GENERAL DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.

FOR THE SALE OF CHEAP GOODS.

FOR READY MONEY ONLY.

WATSON, SONS & Co,
CORNER OF CHURCH GATE STREET AND RAMPART ROW.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—TENDERS are hereby invited for unloading the Municipal Sweepings from the Railway waggons and depositing them on the swamp at Coorla.

Second Class.....25s } Exclusive of Wines.

For further particulars relating to this contract may be obtained at the office of the undersigned, where forms of Tenders may also be obtained.

Tenders are to be sent in on or before the 12th day of February 1868, addressed to A. T. CRAWFORD, Esq., C.S., Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

The Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

RUSSEL ATKIN,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.

Bombay, Executive Engineer's Office, Apollo House, 3rd February 1868.

SARSAPARILLA.

Scrofula, Eruptions of the Face, Boils, Glandular Affections, Scorbutic Spots, Gout, Rheumatic Pains, Acidity of the Stomach, and all Skin Diseases are removed or ameliorated by taking

WATTS'S
ALKALINE COMPOUND OF SARSAPARILLA.

This invaluable preparation not only gives tone to the system, but purifies the blood, exhilarates the spirits, and strengthens the constitution. This solution being a concentrated article, and prepared by steam, is more efficacious, and cheaper, than those medicines generally sold as Sarsaparillas.

During the last 80 years it has been strongly recommended by the Medical Profession.

Sold in bottles at 4s, 6d· and 10s. 6d. each. Manufacturing Agents Cox, GOULD & Co., Chemists, London. Agents in Calcutta—H. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay —Treacher & Co.; Madras—Barrie & Co.; The Punjaub Trading Co. Limited Umballa, Mecan Meer, Lucknow and Simla.

Prize Medal Exhibition, 1862.—*Class* 26.

PARSONS, FLETCHER, & CO.,
PRINTING-INK MANUFACTURERS,
GRAVEL LANE, SOUTHWARK, LONDON, S.E.

Ink for Newspapers, Machine or Press, per lb....	...	1s, 3d., 1s. 6d.
„ for Jobs, per lb. ...	...	1s. 3d. 1s 6d.
„ for Book-work, per lb.	...	1s. 6d., 2s., 2s. 6d.
„ for superior Book-work	...	3s., 4s.
„ for Woodcuts, per lb.	...	5s., 7s. 6d.
„ for Woodcuts extra fine	...	10s.
Coloured Inks, per lb....	...	3s., 4s., 5s.
„ fine, per lb.	...	7s. 6d., 10s.
Copper-plate Ink, per lb.	...	3s., 4s.
Lithographic Ink, per lb.	...	3s., 5s., 8s., 12s.
Varnish, per gallon ...	...	12s., 15s., 20s.

Messrs Parsons, Fletcher, and Co., having directed their attention to the improvement of their finer Inks, flatter themselves that for ease in working, clearness of impression and brilliancy of effect they are now unrivalled. Their Inks for Common Work are also very superior in quality, and can be made suitable for every variety of climate.

Export orders will receive the most prompt attention.

THE NEW BANK OF BOMBAY, LIMITED. REGISTERED UNDER ACT X. OF 1866, WITH LIMITED LIABILITY.

CAPITAL OR UNDER OF RUPEES IN 20,000 SHARES OF RS. 500 EACH With Power to Increase up to two Crores.

FIRST ISSUE 10,000 SHARES OF RS. 500 EACH.

DIRECTORS.

ARCHIBALD DUNCAN GRANT, Esq., of Messrs. DENCAN, CAMPBELL, MITCHELL & Co.
AHMEDBHOY HUBIBBHOY, Esq.
A. J. MACDONALD, Esq., of Messrs. SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.
HENRY MAXWELL, Esq., of Messrs. FINLAY SCOTT & Co.
DINSHAW MANOCKJEE PETIT, Esq.
KESSOWJEE NAIK, Esq.

W. NICOL, Esq., OF MESSRS. W. NICOL & Co.

(*With power to increase up to Ten in Number.*)

Solicitors.—Messrs. Remington, Hore & Langley.
Secretary and Treasurer.—
Deputy Secretary and Treasurer.—W. Fraser, Esq.

This Bank has been formed to take the place of the Bank of Bombay, to take over the Treasury and other Government accounts, and for the transaction generally of Banking business within the strict limits prescribed by the amended Charter of the old Bank, under Act XV. of 1866, and which have been repeated in the Memorandum of Association of this Company.

The Government of Bombay is a shareholder in the Bank, and the articles of Association provide for a separate and continuous audit by Government Officers.

The Company is distinct in every way from the old Bank of Bombay, and in cover of all accounts taken over from the old Bank will receive cash and the most approved Bankers' Securities only, such as Government paper and guaranteed Indian Railway Stock.

The Bank will commence business on the 14th January 1868.

By order of the Board of Directors,
JOHN STUART,
For Secretary & Treasurer.

Bombay, 16th January, 1868.

NOTICE.—MUNICIPAL LOAN ON THE SECURITY OF THE HOUSE-RATE.

The Bench of Justices have, with the sanction of Government, authorized a loan for Drainage and other works under the provisions of Sections 254, 255, and 256 of the Bombay Municipal Act of 1865.

The amount of the Loan is eleven lakhs and thirty thousand Rupees.

The House-rate is the security offered for the Loan.

By Section 253 of the Bombay Municipal Act of 1865, the Corporation may borrow to the extent of ten times the average annual sum collected during the last three years.

The average annual revenue from the House-rate 1865 to 1867 inclusive, has been 7,32,000. The Corporation could thus borrow 73 lakhs on the House-rate.

The House-rate is at present unencumbered.

The rate of interest is 6 per cent, payable half-yearly on 30th June and 31st December of each year.

The Currency of the Loan will be twenty years.

The Municipal Commissioner hereby invites tenders for the said Loan in sums of not less than 500 Rupees or for multiples thereof.

Tenders should be accompanied by a receipt from the Bank of Bengal, Bombay, or Madras, for a deposit of ten per cent. of the amount tendered, and be sealed and superscribed "Municipal Loan," and submitted to the Controller of Municipal Accounts not later than 1 P. M. on the 14th March 1868.

If the tender be accepted the deposit will be taken in part of the amount specified therein, but if the residue of the amount tendered be not paid on or before the 14th April 1868, the deposit will be forfeited.

The deposits on tenders which may not be accepted will be returned on application.

The undersigned reserves to himself the right of rejecting any tender.

For the loan now advertised Promissory Loan Notes as per Form A will be issued for Rs. 500 each, and can be transferred by endorsement as per Form B.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD,
Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office, 4th February 1868.

A

FORM OF MORTGAGE.

No.

By virtue of the Bombay Municipal Act II. of 1865, we, the Justices, with the sanction of the Governor in Council in consideration of the sum of Rupees 500 paid to us to the credit of Municipal fund for the City of Bombay by

for the purposes of the said Act do grant and assign unto the said heirs, executors, administrators representatives and assigns, such proportion of the House-rate as the said sum of Rupees 500 doth or shall bear to the whole sum which is or shall be borrowed upon the credit of the said rate to hold to the said heirs, executors, administrators, representatives, and assigns from this day until the said sum of Rs. 500, with interest at six per cent. per annum, for the same shall be fully paid and satisfied (the principal sum to be repaid at the end of twenty years from the date hereof, and in the meantime interest thereon to be payable half-yearly on 30th June and 31st December of each year) under our Corporate seal this day of one thousand eight hundred and sixty

B

FORM OF TRANSFER OF MORTGAGE

I (or we) A B transfer the within security to C D or his order for Rs. value received. (Signed) A. B.

HOUSES, &c., TO LET.

TO LET.—ROOMS IN GRANT BUILDINGS.—The two houses in Forbes Street, next to Messrs BENNETT & Co.

The house No. 6, Cowasjee Patell Street, Fort. Stabling near the Elphinstone Circle,—Apply to REMINGTON & Co. Agents, Land Mortgage Bank of India, Limited.

WANTED.

WANTED by a Gentleman board and lodging in the Fort, address stating terms to "Z" care of the *Bombay Gazette*.

NOTICE.—REQUIRED FOR SERVICE AT ANNESLEY BAY—FOUR ENGINEERS, good workmen, one Pattern Maker, Two Boilermakers, two Blacksmiths' Mates, and two Hammermen.

Applications, forwarding Copies of Testimonials, to be addressed to the Superintendent of Marine.

By order of the Superintendent of Marine.

GEO. INGLE, Secretary's
Superintendent's Office, Bombay, 6th February 1868.

NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ICE HOUSE, No. 2, APOLLO STREET.—Hours for delivery of Ice, from 6 A. M., until 6 P. M., during the week, and from 6 until 10 A. M., Sundays.

Depot at Malabar Hill.

IN CASES OF ILLNESS, ICE MAY BE HAD AT FORT ICE HOUSE, AT NIGHT.

28, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

MRS. GODFREY'S

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT IS NOW OPEN.

A large Consignment of GOODS will arrive by next Mail Steamer.

METAL MART, BOREE BUNDER.—Galvanised Corrugated Iron, Cast and Wrought Iron and Lead Piping, Bar Iron, Boiler Plates, Angle and T. Iron, Cast and Sheer Steel, Steam and Hand Cranes, and Crab Winches, Steam and Hand Pumps, Steam Engines from 8 to 16 H. P., Leather Belting Contractors' Plant, Ornamental Cast Iron Gates, Railing, and Verandahs. Estimates furnished for all kinds of Machinery and Iron Work.

W. NICOL & Co.

NOW READY, FULL CLOTH EXTRA.—Cash Rs. 20; Credit Rs. 23; Postage and forward 2 Rs. extra. The CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, being Act VIII of 1859, and the Acts Amending it; with notes of cases decided upon the different sections by the Courts at Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, and Agra; the Acts and Charters establishing the High Courts at Calcutta, Madras, Combay, and Agra; the rules of practice of the Court at Balcutta, and rules as to appeals to the Privy Council; an account of the Civil Courts in different parts of India; the Small Cause Courts in the Mofussil and in the Presidency Towns; the Act of Limitation, and the Stamp Acts.

By L. P. DELVES BROUGHTON, of Lincoln's Inn, Barrister, High Court, Calcutta. Wyman Bros, Publishers, Hare Street, Calcutta.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—TENDERS are hereby invited for the supply of Blocks of Nowrojee Hill Stone for the foundations of the new Municipal Markets on the Esplanade. 75 Blocks of Stone will be required, and they are to be about four feet square by two feet thick.

The Blocks are to be rough dressed blue stone of uniform color, free from veins or other defects, and are to be equal in quality to the very best stone from Nowrojee Hill Quarry.

Tenders, giving a price per cubic foot of stone, are to be sent in on or before the 20th instant, addressed to A. T. CRAWFORD, Esq, Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
RUSSEL AITKEN,
Executive Engineer, Municipality.

Bombay, Apollo House, 4th February 1868.

THOMSON & Co.,

CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, &c.,

22, APOLLO STREET.

(*Opposite the Secretariate.*)

MR. G. B. THOMSON (for the last four years Manager of the Byculla Establishment of Messrs. ROGERS & Co.,) begs to inform his friends, and the Public of Bombay and the Mofussil, that he has opened an establishment as above, and trusts by personal care and attention to business, moderation in charges, and the superior quality of all articles supplied to merit a share of Public Patronage. Physicians and Surgeons prescriptions entrusted to our care will be dispensed under our immediate superintendence with the best, and purest of Medicines.

Drugs, Chemicals, Genuine Patent Medicines.

Select preparations of all sorts.

Medicine Chests, Dietetic preparations of all kinds for Children and Invalids regularly received Overland to ensure their freshness.

Perfumery, Soaps and Cosmetiques from the best French and English Manufacturers.

Orders from Outstations carefully attended to and forwarded with despatch. As Messrs. T. & Co. live on the premises they will personally attend to all Medicines urgently required during the night.

CARR BROTHERS,

TAILORS, OUTFITTERS, HOSIERS,

HABIT MAKERS,

SOLA HAT MANUFACTURERS,

17, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

Have a stock of every description of material, selected by their London firm, with an intention to surpass in quality and design that of any other house in India.

COATINGS.

Comprising Diagonal Stripes, Check and Fancy Silk mixed in all the newest patterns, and of unexceptionable quality not to be surpassed in England.

Paramattas, Alpaccas, Camlets, Flannels, &c. &c.

TROUSERINGS.

Our stock exceeds 20,000 yards, and is well worthy of an inspection. It comprises every description of Factures Color, and design; and our Trousers being cut and made under the strict superintendence of a thoroughly competent man, Gentlemen may rely upon superior fit and workmanship.

DRILLS.

Without exception, the largest assortment in India, in white and all colours, plain and fancy, and warranted to be of pure Linen.

American and Kakee Drills.

WAISTCOATINGS.

Marsalla, Diamond Quilting, White Commodore, Duck, Imperial Drills, and a large variety of fancy Waistcoatings.

MESSRS. CARR BROTHERS

Beg to annex a List of Goods just received per ex *Koina* and S. *Agamemnon*.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!

In all the newest shape and latest fashions.
BEST QUALITY BLACK SILK HATS.
EX QUALITY BLACK SILK HATS.
LOW CROWNED BLACK SILK HATS.
BEST QUALITY DRAB SHELL HATS.
EX QUALITY DRAB SHELL HATS.
LOW CROWNED DRAB SHELL HATS.
DRAB AND BLACK FANCY FELT HATS in all the latest styles.

THE CLANSMAN BONNET.
THE GLENGARY Do.
THE BALMORAL Do.

SILK SCARFS.

Fancy Gauze Windsor.
„ Coloured Eglinton.
„ Glace Eglinton.
„ Scotch Cambric Eglinton.
The Fancy Windsor.
„ Ring Scarf.
The Washing Silk Scarf.
Check Twill Scarf.
Plain Colored Zephyr.
Tartan Scarfs.
Striped Ottawan; and
Black and White and Fancy Dress Ties.

SHIRT FRONTS.

Some very elegant Embroidered, Worked, and Frilled Fronts for Dress Shirts, ranging from Rs. 2 to Rs. 18 each.

COLLARS.

The Oxford.
„ Improved Carlton.
„ Opera.
„ Grosvenor.
„ Cavalier.
„ Peresguy.
The Challenge.
„ Daisy.
„ Hyde Park.
„ Olympic.
„ Colonial; and
„ Continental.

GLOVES! GLOVES!!

Florence White Kid.
Piquet Drabs and Slates.
Drab Buckskin Tilbury.
White do. do.

PRINTED CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS

From Rs. 14 to Rs. 30 per dozen.

WHITE CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS.

Rs. 10 to Rs. 14 per dozen.

IVORY COLLAR STUDS, LINKS, AND FANCY SOLITAIRE VEST BUTTONS.

GUOYAT'S PATENT BRACES.

SCARFS,

JUST RECEIVED,

Largest Assortment in Bombay.

50 dozen Silk Scarfs at Rs. 2, 3, 4 and 5 each to select from.

Inverness Capes and Flannel Sleeping or Travelling

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THE SHARE MARKET.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

The Market opened with a considerable demand for Port Canning shares, which rose from 260 to 285. They close at 275. Elphinstones close at 545. New do. 65. United Victorias 950. New Bank of Bombay shares at 4¼ premium.

Market firm.

BOMBAY DAILY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

SHIPPING COMPANIES.

500,000	5,000	3,940	.....	Bombay Ship Co.....	1,225
240,000	2,500	3,900	25	d. Coast and River Steam Nav. Co...	570 per share
1,500,000	5,000	1,500	.....	Bombay and Bengal Steam-ship Co...	2,475 per share
120,000	4,000	2,500	.....	Prince of W. Ship Co	1,190 per sh .re
150,000	500	500	.....	Viegas Patent Ship d Foundry Co.....	12 per share
	151	3,000	250	Union Shipping Co. Limited.	100 per shar

FINANCIAL ASSOCIATIONS.

.....	400	100	15	Bengal Credit Mob.	76 per sh.
1,500,000	400	130	.....	Financial Assc. of India and China.	681 p. sha

LAND COMPANIES.

2,000,000	12,000	5,000	.....	Back Bay Reclamation Co.	395 per share
1,000,000	1,000	1,000	20 p.s.	Elphinstone Land Co...	545 p.sh
3,780,000	1,000	400	.....	New Do.	95 p.sh
2,000,000	10,000	4,000	.....	Frere Land Co. ..	90 to 95 p sh
110,000	2,000	900	.....	House and Land Investment Co...	Nopuotation
100,000	5,000	4,000	.....	Mazagon Land and Reclamation Co.	305 per share
.....	2,000	1,100	25 p.	Port Canning.. ..	275 p. s.
2,180,000	10,000	6,200	.....	Colaba Land Co...	955 per sh.

EXCHANGE.

On	Firms.	Rates
London Banks... ..	4 months' sight	1s. 10⅞ to 1s 10 9/16d
Do. Credits.. ..	4 Do. do. ..	1s. 10 11/16d.
Do. Documents..	4 Do. do...	1s. 10¾d. to 1s 10 15/16d.
Calcutta....	At sight	100½
Do, ...	30 days' sight..	99½
Do.	90 Do. do.. ..	99½.
Madras	30 Do. do. ...	1 dis.
China..	60 ays' sight ...	216,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Government Securities		6 per cent.
Mercantile Bills.. ..		8 do.
Four per cent. Co.'s	1835-36	93½ to 93¾
.. ..	1844-45	
.. ..	1854-55	
Five per cent. Co.'s Rs. Loan	1856-57	108½
Five per cent. Public Works Loan	1854-55	109
Five and a half per cent.	.. ..	113½
Municipal 6 per cent. Loan	.. ..	111¼

BANK OF BENGAL.

Government Securities	7 per cent.
Mercantile Bills	10 do.

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns each	Rs. 10-6-0
Bank of England No'es 12	.. 10-4
Spanish Dollars	.. 225
Carolus	.. 230
Mexican Dollars	.. 220
German Crowns	.. 210
Five-Franc Pieces	.. 225
Bar Silver	.. 108.5
Gold Leaf	.. 15-1
Bar Gold 10 oz. English	.. 76-0

DAILY COTTON MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY, 7TH FEBRUARY, 1868.

			PER CANDY.
Gomrawuttee ..	Old ..	..	135 to 138
Akote	.. ..	..	
Khandeish.. ..	.. ..	..	
Barsee	.. ..	..	132 to 135
Dhollera	.. ..	..	
Bhownuggur ..	.. ..	..	132 to 135
Hingunghat ..	.. ..	..	150 to 155
Broach	.. ..	..	150 to 155
Veeravul	.. ..	..	130 to 135
Vingorla	.. ..	..	148 to 160
Compta	.. ..	..	148 to 150
Dharwar Sawginned	.. ..	..	155 to 160
Gomrawuttee ..	New ..	..	170 to 172
Akote	.. ..	..	
Ready Sales...	...	...	850 Candies
For delivery	...	...	500
Market quiet.			

BENGAL.—Jan. 31.

Stocks.	paid Rs.	½ year's Divnd.	Quotations. Rs.
Agra Bank, Ld.....	100	...	110 to 112
Bank of Bengal.....	1000	3½ p. ct.	1756½
Bengal Credit Mobr. Ld	100	nil.	in liquidation
Delhi & London Bank Ld.	250	nil.	240 to 245
National Bank of India...	125	4 p. ct.	130
Cal. & S. E. Railway Co.	544	2½ p. ct.	51 to 52
Delhi Railway Co.....	167	2½ p. ct.	Par.
Eastern Bengal Railway	218	2½ p. ct	224 to 225
East India Railway Co...	218	2½ p. ct.	249
Port Canning Land Co	1200	nil.	265 to 260

The market for Government Securities was dull and scarcely any business reported. Two or three sales of 4 per cents. insignificant amounts, were made at Rs. 5-5 and 5-4 discounts, and a small piece of Public Works 5 per cents sold at Rs. 5-4 premium.

A few Bank of Bengal shares were bought, for investors' orders, at Rs.1,756¼ each.

Sales of National Bank shares took place at Rs. 130.

The transaction reported in Port Canning Land Investment &c. Co. were of 1 at Rs. 265½, 1 at Rs. 265, and a few at Rs. 260 each; towards the afternoon there were sellers at Rs. 255, without finding buyers.—*Englishman, Feb. 1.*

MILITARY.

ARRIVALS.—FEB. 7.

Lukin, Major, Queen's Bay, on leave from Mhow.
Stapleton, Captain, Public Works Department, on leave from Poona.

SHIPPING.

DAILY FREIGHT REPORT.—7TH FEB.

Port.	Cotton.	Seed.
To London...	.....	.....
„ Liverpool.....	£3 5s. 0d. to £3 10 0	£1 15s. 0d.
By Overland Route ..	£5 19s. 0d. to £6 0 0	.....
To China	Rs. 14 per bale.	.....
„ Mauritius	No business.	.....

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
Feb. 7.	King of Italy	Meredith	Newcastle, N. S. Wales, Oct. 12.

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
Feb. 7.	Knighton	Stewart.....	Annesley Bay.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
Barque *Caroline*, De Santo, bound to Red Sea.
Barque *Leopold*, Stephenson, bound to Mangalore.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—
Ship *May Queen*, for Liverpool.
Steamer *Pluto*, for Goa.
Ship *Hesele*, for Falmouth.

POSTAL NOTICES.

OVERLAND MAILS.

The two next Overland Mails, per P & O., Company's Steam packet, will be closed at the dates and hours below named:—
Friday, 14th February 1868, 7 P.M. After packet until 5 P.M.
Saturday, 29th February do. do. do.
after-packet letters will not be forwarded unless an 8-anna stamp is affixed to the letter in addition to the postage.
Registered letters will be received until 1 P.M.
The latest hour for posting Overland Covers at the several Branch Post Offices is 1 P.M.

POSTAL GUIDE.

The Bombay Postal Guide, with Postal Map of the Bombay Postal Circle, corrected up to the 1st May 1867, can now be had on application at the Post Office.—*Price 1 Rupee.*

EXTENSION OF TIME IN POSTING OVERLAND LETTERS.—The Post Master being frequently unable to obtain early intelligence, on Overland Mail days, of the anticipated time of arrival of the North East Mail Trains, upon which the departure of the Suez Steamer depends, and having in consequence no means of giving the public timely notice of unavoidable detentions of 2 or 3 hours, it is hereby notified that whenever the departure of the Suez Steamer is obliged to be put off, notice will be sent to the Secretariat, Chamber of Commerce and the Public Journals in the Fort, and one will be hung up conspicuously outside the Post Office gates for general information. To give the public the advantage of posting letters of importance to the latest hour, when such minor detentions occur, the Mail boxes will be kept open for *fully prepaid* letters upon which the after-time fee is affixed, to within 15 minutes of the departure of the Mail Vans notification of which will be obtained at the Post Office.

For Poona on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, *i. e.* for Poona the Deccan, S. M. Country, and Madras Presidency 12 noon; after Packet letters, 1 P.M.

For Poona on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, *i. e.* for Stations on the Railway line as far as Poona 8 A.M.

For Poona on the N. B. and C. I. Railway, *i. e.* for Post Offices on the Railway Line, Guzerat, Scinde, Katiawar, and Kutch 7 A.M.; after Packet letters 8 A.M.

Registered Letters and Bangkur Parcels for despatch by all Mails will be received, except on Sundays, from 7 to 8 A.M. and from noon 2 to 3 P.M.

OCEAN MAILS.

The following Ocean Mails will be made up and despatched at the time named:—

	Date of departure.	Mail will close	An after Packet will be made.
China	13th and 28th,	6 P.M. previous evening.	7 A.M. on the day of departure;
Ceylon			
Penang			
Singapore			
Hongkong			
Cape of Good Hope..			
Mauritius	13th.	Ditto.	Ditto.
Natal			
Reunion			
St. Helena			
Muscat			
Persian Gulf	3rd and 17th.	12 noon on the day of departure.	None
Bussorah			
Jaghd			
Jumneberry			
Vingorla			
Goa			
Karwar			
Beypore	Every Saturday.	1 noon on the day of departure.	None.
Mangalore			
Cochin			
Calicut			
Cannanore			
Tellicherry			
Karrachee	48 hours after the arrival of each Overland Mail.		None.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY.

THE ABRIDGED EDITION OF THE BOMBAY

ALMANAC & DIRECTORY

FOR

1868.

PRICE RUPEES 1½.

NOW READY

AT THE

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" PRESS,

THE BOMBAY

ALMANAC & DIRECTORY

FOR

1868.

PRICE RUPEES 8; BY POST RUPEES 8½

NOW READY.

"PUNCH IN INDIA,"

No. 11—VOL. 2.

May be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press, Fort, and at Messrs. THACKER, VINING & Co.'s, Rampart Row Price Rs. 2 per copy.

TO BE PUBLISHED,

WITH THE CO-OPERATION OF THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER AND PERIODICALLY AS THE BUSINESS OF THE MUNICIPALITY MAY DETERMINE,

THE BOMBAY

MUNICIPAL RECORD

FOR

1868.

THE great importance and rapid increase of municipal business, as well as the wide-spread interest felt by the public in all matters relating to the Municipality since the passing of the Act of 1865, point to the necessity of publishing the Municipal business in a more convenient and systematic form than that presented by the files of a daily newspaper or the documents disjointedly issued from the Municipal office. At present neither the Justices nor the public can refer without much trouble to the past business of the Municipality, and it is to place within their hands an easy means of reference to current affairs (and, it is hoped, to remunerate the projector, as well) that "The Municipal Record" has been designed.

"The Municipal Record" will contain a full report of the meetings of the Bench of Justices, (the speeches to be previously revised as far as possible by the speakers themselves); all papers which may be issued by the Municipal Commissioner and officers of the Municipality generally; and in fact every scrap of information (such as the recent opening of the Null Market, and the present strike of the Butchers) relating to the Municipality. The publication will be a kind of local municipal "Hansard" with this difference that, in addition to the regular proceedings of the Bench of Justices, it will contain a file of the papers published during each year and the miscellaneous business of the municipality generally.

The page will be of the same size as a page of Chambers's Journal. The date of periodical publication will depend on the Bench meetings and the issue of municipal documents. Its parts may be published twice in a month, or monthly, or not for two months as the circumstances named determine. It will be a leading object to issue the proceedings of each Bench meeting within a few days after the meeting has taken place. At the end of the year a carefully prepared Index will be issued and the volume may be bound and preserved for future reference. It is impossible to predict the size of the volume, but it is expected that it may run to 300 or 400 pages.

The price of the work will be Rupees Twelve per annum, which on an average is equal to only one Rupee per month—a small sum for so great a boon.

It is proper to state that though the work will be published with the sanction and co-operation of the Municipal Commissioner, the Municipality has no pecuniary risk or interest in it.

Orders for the work by the Justices and the general public will be registered at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, by the proprietor of which it has been projected.

Bombay Gazette Press, 7th January 1868.

THE INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE FOR FEBRUARY,

PRICE—EIGHT ANNAS.

CONTENTS:—

MAP OF INDIA.
Index to Railway Stations
Index to Places by Steamer and Dak
Introduction
RAILWAY TIME TABLES:—
Great Indian Peninsula Railway
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway
Jubbulpore Extension Railway.
Scinde Railway
Punjaub Railway
East Indian Railway
Eastern Bengal Railway
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway
Great Southern of India Railway
Indian Branch Railway
Delhi Railway.
Madras Railway
STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANIES:—
P. and O. Co.
Bombay and Bengal S. S. Co.
Messageries Imperiales
Austrian Lloyds
Euphrates and Tigris Steam Navigation Company
British India Steam Navigation Company
Bombay Coast and River Steam Navigation Company
China Steamers
Indus Steam Flotilla
Punjaub Steam Flotilla.
Irrawady Flotilla
India General Steam Navigation Company.
DAK COMPANIES:—
Agra and Nassick Mail Carts
Bombay and Central India Transit Agency.
North Western Dak Company
Inland Transit Company.
Purneah and Darjeeling Transit Company.
David's Horse Carriage Dak
Delhi and Umritsur Dak
Punjaub and North Western Company
Commercial Transport Association Company
Authorized rates of Carriage in the Punjaub.
Victoria Horse Dak.
Oudh Horse Dak Company.
ROUTES BY STEAMERS.
ROUTES IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY, &c.
ROUTES IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES.
LIST OF TRAVELLERS' BUNGALOWS ALONG THE TRUNK ROADS OF WESTERN INDIA.

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION OF EUROPE AND INDIA, LIMITED.—(IN LIQUIDATION).—NOTICE is hereby given, that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Association will be held at 1 P.M. on MONDAY, the 10th instant, at the Office of the Association, No. 81, Bazaar Gate Street, to approve the sale of the Assets of the Company.

SAMJEE LUDHA,
HURRIRAM PRANNATH,
CURSONDASS VULLUBDASS,
} Liquidators.

Bombay, 8th February, 1868.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.—ISSUE OF NEW TIME BILL.—On and from 17th February 1868, the above will come into force, when following changes will take place:—

The 6-30 P.M. Mail from Bombay for the N. B. Line will be timed to arrive at Nagpoor ½ hour, and Khundwah (1) one hour later than at present.

The Mixed Train due to leave Khundwah for Bombay at 5 A.M. will, instead, start at 4 A.M.

OPENING OF JUBBULPOOR EXTENSION AS FAR AS BEERH.

A Mixed Train will, each day, leave Khundwah for Beerh, calling at Jowrah.

A new Station at Nusurabad (situated between Julgaum and Bhosawal) will also be opened for Passenger and Goods Traffic.

For details, see Company's Time Bill.

W. KNOX,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 7th February, 1868.

SALE BY AUCTION.—On WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant, Messrs. BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms in Meadow Street, Fort, the handsome English Mahogany, and Open Carved Blackwood Household Furniture, Plate, Plated, Glass, and Porcelain Ware, Harmonium, &c., the property of a Gentleman changing his residence, the same comprises rich hollow stem and flowered glassware, handsome Desert and Tea Services, a set of both Queen's pattern Silver Spoons and Forks for 12 persons, plated Ware, such as Hotwater Curry Dishes, Table and Chamber Candlesticks with Shades, Bread Basket, Eyergne, Salvers, Fire Pot, Table Cutlery, &c., the Household furniture consisting of a handsome English Mahogany Drawing Room suit, containing a pair of full backed Sofas, with green Silk lining and spring, 6 Drawing Room and 2 Easy Chairs to match, and a round Drawing Room and 2 Easy Chairs to match, and a round Table with marble top, Blackwood Camp and Square Dining Tables, neatly carved round, pier, wine, dressing and washing Tables, Easy, arm and dining room Chairs, Conversation Couch on Chintz, and Silk lining and Springs, Drawing Room Chairs with ditto, Iron folding Bedsteads and Cots, carved Sideboards, Teapoys, Screens, plated one and three light hanging Argand Lamps, bronze and glass pedestals Argand Lamps, Table Reading Lamps, Pictures, Carpets, Rugs, Table Ornaments, and Sundries.

ALSO,

On the same day, on account of concerned, a few articles of new Mahogany furniture, such as Writing Table, dressing and washing ditto, Work Table, Cabinets, folding Chair, &c. &c., a few dozens of green and Claret Hock Glasses, several pairs of rich cut glass Decanters, rich Bohemian Glass Flower Stands with drops, two pairs of very elegant red, green and gold flowered Bohemian glass, 4 light candelabras, rich gold bordered crystalized Fruit Set, and preserve pots, fancy sets of Water Services, Glass Butter pots, with covers a variety of very valuable Peruvian marble figures in glass, domes on ig.ll stands, a collection of porcelain Hen egg boilers, fancy flower pots, a collection of Pictures in gilt frames and many other miscellaneous articles, an Invoice of Kerosine Lamps, and a Case of Sadlery.

AT 2 P.M.

A first-rate Grey Shigram Horse, goes in double and single Harness, with a set of nearly new Harness by Elam.

BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY & Co.

Bombay, 6th February, 1868.

A COPPER PLATE ENGRAVER WANTED.—Apply at the BOMBAY GAZETTE PRESS.

TO LET.—With immediate Entry, No. 8, Church Gate Street, lately occupied by Messrs. J. Sweet & Co., and also the ground floor of No. 7, Church Gate Street. Apply to J. & W. WATSON & Co. Meadow Street.

MADAME FREDERIC CAUVIN, gives Lessons in French, in all its branches; and leaves the hour to the disposition of the Learner.

MADAME FREDERIC CAUVIN has received her Diploma from the French Academy.

No. 5, Meadow Street, Bombay.

ORIENTAL EXCHANGE AND TIFFIN ROOMS, below Lindley and Warren's Studio, Apollo Street, Fort:—The Proprietor begs to announce that his Rooms will be open to the Public on MONDAY next, the 10th instant, and from that date Ladies and Gentlemen visiting the Fort will find every convenience, privacy, and comfort provided for them, and refreshments of every description of the best quality always ready, and he trusts that the efforts he has made to provide First Class Refreshment Rooms will secure him a share of the public patronage and support.

KID GLOVES, "JUST LANDED."

LADIES' Best French Kid Gloves with two buttons in Straw and Grey.

LADIES' Best French White Kid Gloves with black backs.

LADIES' White Kid Gloves. "Make Jouvins."

GENTLEMEN'S Gloves in White, Straw, Grey, Light, and Dark Drabe.

Apollo House. BADHAM & Co.

BYCULLA COMMISSION STABLES.—A batch of 120 first class AUSTRALIAN HORSES, per "Red Jacket," which sailed on 4th January, expected here at the beginning of next month, comprising broken-in Carriage pairs, *faultless matches*, excellent Saddle and Harness Horses, thoroughbred Chargers, Hunters, Pig-stickers, and a few select Horses for the Turf.

Outstation Orders registered and executed with great care. ALLI ABDOOLA.

6th February, 1868.

FOREST DEPARTMENT.
COLABA SUB-COLLECTORATE.

WILL be sold by Public Auction on Ramraz Bunder in Talooka Alibag, Angrias Colaba, on MONDAY, 16th March 1868, 849 logs of Blackwood, admirably suited for making furniture, such as tables, chairs, window frames, doors, &c., 12 to 15 feet in length, and 2 to 5 feet in circumference.

Ramraz Bunder is on the Chowl Creek, 6 hours sail from Bombay. The wood is all stacked on the bunder head conveniently for shipping.

All particulars can be learnt by reference to the undersigned on tour in the Districts.

A. T. SHUTTLEWORTH,
Deputy Conservator of Forests,
Colaba and Severndroog.

Deputy Conservator's Office, Kongieh, 1st Feb., 1868.

THE
"BOMBAY SATURDAY REVIEW"
IS
Published every Saturday Evening.
THE
"BOMBAY SATURDAY REVIEW"
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BOMBAY RECLAMATION COMPANY LIMITED.—(IN LIQUIDATION).—NOTICE is here by given that a General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the office in Elphinstone Circle, on Monday, the 17th instant, at 3 P.M., to receive the accounts made up to 30th November 1867.

JAMES G. SMITH,
JAMES RANKEN,
} Liquidators.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 5th February 1868.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FROM 18TH NOV. 1866 TO 30TH NOV. 1867.

RECEIPTS.

	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
CASH—		
Received from Secretaries	14,393 2 7	
In the various Offices.....	926 2 8	
		15,319 5 3
CAPITAL—		
Second Call on 1,989 Shares at Rs. 200...		3,97,800 0 0
PLANT—		
Sold for Cash.....	1,45,234 12 0	
Sold to Government.....	3,55,903 10 10	
		5,01,131 6 10
STORES—		
Sold for Cash.....	2,07,410 14 5	
Sold to Government.....	20,012 8 10	
		2,27,423 7 3
Unclaimed Wages.....		544 7 0
FLOTILLA—		
Sold for Cash.....	1,12,000 0 0	
Sold to Government.....	90,000 0 0	
		2,02,000 0 0
Office Furniture, &c.....		2,121 5 7
BUILDINGS—		
Workshops at Chowpatty.....		1,35,406 0 0
ELEPHANTA PIER—		
Sold to Government.....		70,000 0 0
REVENUE—		
Deposits from Wood Dealers, &c. ..... Rs.	21,056 12 6	
Rents	25,252 13 10	
Sundries	2,596 8 1	
Transfer Fees, &c	10,981 0 0	
		59,887 2 5
SUNDRY SHARES OWING UNPAID CALLS—		
Received from Asiatic Bank in respect of Ten Shares held by the Company....		17,500 0 0
INTEREST—		
Interest on Calls, &c.....		1,938 1 9
	Rs.	16,31,078 4 1

DISBURSEMENTS.

GENERAL RECLAMATION—		
Settlement for work done previous to going into Liquidation		3,76,168 3 10
COLABA RECLAMATION AND SEA-WALL—		
Settlement for work done previous to going into Liquidation	53,438 15 2	
Repairs to Sea-wall for damage during last monsoon	4,810 8 6	
		58,249 7 8
BREAKWATER—		
Settlement for work done previous to going into Liquidation		1,70,277 6 1
ELEPHANTA PIER—		
Settlement for work done previous to going into Liquidation		10,077 13 0
CHOWPATTY WOOD SLOPE—		
Settlement for work done previous to going into Liquidation		350 0 0
PRELIMINARY EXPENSES WET DOCKS—		
Settlement for work done previous to going into Liquidation		120 14 0
REPAIRS TO BUILDINGS—		
Settlement for work done previous to going into Liquidation	1,042 15 0	
Repairs during last monsoon	3,816 14 0	
		4,859 13 0
LAND—		
Ramchunder Hurjee and others for balance of Purchase Money	45,381 0 0	
Tapidas Yurzdas do. do.	9,188 6 5	
Succaram Arjoonjidoo. do.	33,500 0 9	
Crestnajee Muckonjee Shimpee do. do.	1,179 6 4	
		89,248 12 9
PLANT—		
Bills outstanding at time of going into Liquidation		1,194 10 6
STORES—		
Bills outstanding at time of going into Liquidation...		14,410 1 1
LAW EXPENSES—		
Incurred for conveyance of Land and Government arbitration		17,395 13 4
INTEREST—		
Chiefly on Land purchased.		4,000 10 2
FLOTILLA—		
Settlement for work done previous to going into Liquidation	19,843 6 0	
Towage of Barges to Aden, since refunded	4,000 0 0	
		23,843 6 0
RECLAMATION FUND—		
Auctioneers' commission on sale of 400 Shares		10,000 0 0
FINLAY, CAMPBELL & Co.—		
Remittance in part payment of their claim		25,000 0 0
EXPENSES OF LIQUIDATION—		
Commission to 30th June, Salaries and Office expenses to 30th November.....		76,472 8 4
GOVERNMENT—		
Plant, Stores, &c., taken over by Government in part payment of their claim.		6,71,322 3 8
Cash in hand, not including amount payable by Asiatic Bank to Shareholders on 34 Shares not yet collected by holders		77,186 8 8
	Rs.	16,31,078 4 1

E. E.
JAMES G. SMITH,
JAMES RANKEN,
} Liquidators.

Bombay, 14th December 1867.

STATEMENT OF CONTINGENT LIABILITIES.

	Rs. a. p.
Debt to Government	7,48,537 6 0
„ Finlay Campbell & Co.	26,000 0 0
„ Abernethy & Co	16,000 0 0
„ Gowasjee Jehangeer and others for Land.....	3,97,000 0 0
„ Law Expenses.....	30,000 0 0
„ Commission, Salaries, and Office Expenses	1,30,000 0 0
Sundries.....	50,000 0 0
	Rs. 15,97,537 6 0

JAMES G. SMITH,
JAMES RANKEN,
} Liquidators.

Bombay, 14th December 1867.

CHESSON & WOODHALL'S LIBRARY,
No. 10, HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY,
AND No. 1, EAST STREET, POOOA.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

Tanner's Index of Diseases and their treatment Rs.	8 0
Pepper's Scientific Amusements for Young People	1 4
Holdsworth's The Law of Wills, Executors, and Administrators	0 12
Sleigh's Handbook of Criminal Law, applicable chiefly to Commercial transactions	0 12
Holdsworth's The Law of Bankruptcy, &c.	0 12
——The County Court Guide, &c.	0 12
——The Law of Landlord and Tenant ...	0 12
London Labor and London Poor, 3 vols. By H. Mayhew	10 8
Macaulay's Miscellaneous Writings	3 8
Selections from Tennyson's Poems (Moxon's) ...	3 12
Swinburne's Poems and Ballads	5 12
Chaucer's Canterbury Tales By Tyrwhitt. (Illustrated)	3 12
The Boy's book of Trades and the tools used in them	3 12
Boswell's Life of Dr. Johnson (Cheapest edn.) ...	2 12
The Arabian Night's Entertainments	2 12
Ogilvie's The Student's English Dictionary ...	8 0
——English Dictionary for Schools	4 4
Hyde Clarke's new and comprehensive English Dictionary...	3 8
Walker's Pronouncing Dictionary, epitomized by Smart...	4 8
Rankine's Manual of Civil Engineering. 1867 ...	12 0
——Useful Rules and Tables relating to Mensuration, &c...	6 12
Bull's Hints to Mothers...	3 12
Family Fairy Tales, &c. By C. Pennell. (Illustrated)...	3 8
Fielding's History of Tom Jones, a foundling...	2 0
Smollett's Adventures of Roderick Random... ...	1 8
Lever's Charles O'Malley, the Irish Dragoon...	2 4
The Arabian Nights' Entertainments (Pocket edition)...	1 4
Carpenter's New British and Standard Song Book...	2 0
——The Comic and Humorous Song Book.	2 0
——The Modern and Popular Song Book.	2 0
——The National and Universal Song Book...	2 0
——Popular, Humorous, New Universal, National, New Standard, Modern, Comic, New British, and the Entertainer's, Song Books. Each	0 12
LE FANU'S—The House by the Churchyard... ...	4 8
——Guy Deverell...	4 8
——Uncle Silas: a tale of Bartram-Haugh.....	4 8
Ned Locksley, the Etonian...	4 8
The Last of the Cavaliers...	4 8
Quits. By the author of the Initials... ...	4 8
The Initials. By the author of Quits	4 8
Lady G. Fullerton's Lady-Bird, a tale... ...	4 8
——Too strange not to be true.	
Trollope's (A.) The Three-Clerks... ...	4 8
Mrs. H. Wood's The Channings...	4 8
——The Shadow of Ashlydyat... ...	4 8
——Lady Adelaide's Oath... ...	4 8
——East Lynne...	4 8
——Mrs. Halliburton's Troubles... ...	4 8
Cometh up as a Flower. An Autobiography... ...	4 8
Which shall it be? A novel...	4 8
Miss Braddon's Aurora Floyd...	4 8
——The Trail of the Serpent... ...	4 8
——The Captain of the Vulture	4 8
Armadale. By Wilkie Collins. (Illustrated).....	4 8
Thackeray's Vanity Fair. 2 vol·. (Illustrated)...	11 8
Chandas: a novel. By Ouida...	4 8
The Second Mrs. Tillotson. By Percy Fitzgerald	4 8
The Rich Husband. By the author of George Geith	4 8
Phemie Keller By do.	4 8
Far above Rubies. By do.	4 8
Never Forgotten. By Percy Fitzgerald	4 8
Agnes. By Mrs. Oliphant	2 12
Adam Bede. By G. Eliot	2 12
Griffith Gaunt. By Charles Reade	4 8
The Mill on the Floss. By G. Eliot	2 12
Milly's Hero. By F. W. Robinson	4 8
The Clyffards of Clyffe. By author of Married beneath him	4 8
Dickens's Our Mutual Friend (green cloth edition).	2 12
——Oliver Twist. New Illustrated edition ...	2 4
——Christmas Books do.	2 4
——The Old Curiosity Shop do.	2 12
——Nicholas Nickleby do.	2 12
——David Copperfield do.	2 12
Orley Farm. By A. Trollope	2 4
The Sham Squire. By W. J. FitzPatrick	1 14
The Oxonian in Ireland. By Rev. F. Metcalfe...	1 14
Queechy, and Wide Wide World. By E. Wetherell—Each...	1 8
Sir Victor's Choice. By Annie Thomas... ...	1 8
John Douglas's Vow; or Thyra Gascoigne. By Mrs. Jennings...	1 8
The Trotleton Legacy. By Albert Smith... ...	1 8
Gertrude; or, family pride. By Mrs. Trollope...	1 8
Woodleigh; or, the love chase. By F. W. Robinson...	1 8
Theo. Leigh. By Annie Thomas...	1 8
Emilia Wyndham. By Mrs. Caldwell... ...	1 8
Mount Sorel; or, the heiress of the De Veros. By Mrs. Caldwell...	1 8
Tom Cringle's Log...	1 8
Cyril Thornton (the Youth and Manhood of)...	1 8
Called to the Bar. By author of Eton School Days.	1 8
The Workmen of Paris: a romance of Parisian life...	1 8
Cozynook. By Mrs. M. A. Bird...	1 8
Gilderoy: a Scottish tradition...	1 8
Tasso and Leonora. By author of Mary Powell.	1 8
Jack Brag. By Theodore Hook...	1 8
Marietta. By T. A. Trollope...	1 8
La Beata: a Tuscan Romeo and Juliet. By ditto.	1 8
The Night Side of Nature. By Mrs. Crowe... ...	1 8
The Ex-Wife. By John Lang...	1 8
Lindisfarn Chase. By T. A. Trollope... ...	1 8
Records of Whitecross Street Prison. By an Eyewitness...	1 8
Melbourne House By author of Queechy... ...	1 8
Life of

Sooro defile, and up the Senafe Ghaut, for less than a mile, but it will be completed at these places within a week.

The railway has reached to a point about 3 miles from the Pier at Mulkutto, and it is hoped will be ready for work to Koomaylo by the end of February or early in March.

The locomotives have arrived.

In my journal up to 28th ultimo I gave a detailed account of the two routes onward from Senafe to Addigerat, as also a detailed account gathered from nativs information of the best line for the army from Addigerat to Antalo.

Before leaving Senafe I also arranged in communication with Brigadier General Merewether and M. Munzinger to carry a branch survey from a point in the Menna Valley about 15 miles from Senafe on the Addigerat road, eastward towards the plains at Upper Ragule, that being an important point in the communications between the sea at Howkuil Bay, and the highlands at Addigerat, or Atabi near Antalo.

The report of this survey, which I entrusted to Captain Pottinger, R. A., of this Department, attended by some of my best native Guides and a party of 1 naique and 6 privates of the 10th N. I., is annexed marked A, with sketch attached.

I instructed Captain Pottinger to use his own discretion as to the point to which he should survey, and to return in case the Chiefs who accompanied him recommended his doing so. In returning back therefore when he did, Captain Pottinger acted up to these instructions.

Ussa Allee, the Chief of the Hasso tribe, who declined to allow the party to pass through his territory, will probably be sent for on our arrival at Senafe, and the same arrangements be entered into with him as was done with other tribes of the Lowlands on the Eastern outskirts of Abyssinia.

Several such branch surveys will, I think, have to be made as opportunity offers, during our operations in Abyssinia.

In anticipation of an advance movement from Senafe, fatigue parties of the 10th N. I. have been ordered on from that place to clear bad parts of the road on the first 15 miles towards Addigerat, the latter being 37 miles from Senafe.

In order to prepare a distribution return of the troops according to the War Office form forwarded for my guidance, it has been necessary to refer to corps, some of whom are upcountry, for the information required to fill in the several columns with strict accuracy.

Immediately on the receipt of these divisional returns, through Major General Sir Charles Staveley, the general one required will be filled in, and submitted for the information of His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding in Chief.

No change in the distribution of regiments has taken place since the report of the 8th instant was forwarded, excepting that the whole of the 3rd Regiment Scinde Horse have arrived and are being forwarded by detachments to Senafe also a Corps of Mahar Coolies from Bengal now at Mulkutto. Copy of a distribution return, in the form required by the Bombay Government, is enclosed for information.

(Signed) R. PHAYRE, Col.,
Depy Quarter Master General.
(Signed) R. NAPIAR, Lieutenant General,
Commander in Chief.

LATEST NEWS.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

(By direct Overland Telegraph.)

LONDON, 31ST JAN., MORNING.

In the debate in the French Chamber on the Press law, M. Thiers advocated the liberty of the press. The Minister of the Interior declared that the tendencies of the French press were towards violence.

The *Standard* denies that the Viceroy of Egypt ever made an offer of intervention in Abyssinia. The *Post* denies that the Viceroy yielded to the representations of Lord Stanley when he ordered the withdrawal of the majority of his troops from Massowah.

LONDON, 3RD FEB., MORNING.

The *Times* says that it is proposed to offer the post of Financial Member of Council to Sir Richard Temple.

There was a terrific galé in England on Saturday (1st Feb.) involving a serious loss of life and property.

The French expeditionary corps in Rome has been reduced to a single division.

The Prussian Chambers have voted, by a large majority, the Bill giving compensation to the deposed princes.

Count Von Bismark vindicated this policy and threatened to send in his resignation if the Bill was rejected.

LONDON, JAN. 31ST, NOON.

Weekly Cotton Report.

Total sales of the week	112,000	bales
do Surats	50,000	do
do Imports	86,000	do
do Surats	6,250	do
do Stock	395,000	do
do Surats	180,125	do

Dhollera 6½d.
Market buoyant.

LONDON, 3RD FEB. AFTERNOON,

The Liverpool Cotton Market to-day has been quiet.
Dhollera 6½d.

(By Indian Telegraph.)

CALCUTTA, 7TH JAN.

Government paper. { Fours 5⅞. Fives 8¼ to 8⅜ Rupees. Fives & half 14¼ Rs.

Exchange, six months' sight 1s. 10 5/16d.
Freights dead weight Rice £3 10s.
Jute, £8 10s.
Seeds Linseed £8 15s. nominal.
Shirtings Rs.6 to Rs. 6-2.
Madapollams, Rs. 2-5 to Rs. 2-6.
Mule Twist, 5 as. 6 pies.
Market for Piece Goods, active.
Market for Twist, firm.

(Private Telegram.)

CALCUTTA, 6TH FEBRUARY

Grey goods advancing.

6 lb. Grey Shirtings	Rs.	5 4
7 do do	„	6 4

THE ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE PORT CANNING COMPANY.

DECLARATION OF THE POLL.

(Special for the Bombay Gazette.)

CALCUTTA, 6TH FEBRUARY.

The adjourned meeting of the Port Canning Company was held at noon to-day for the declaration of the result of the Poll on the motion proposed by Mr Knowles at the recent meeting of the Company. The object of that motion was that the proceedings already taken by the Directors against Mr. Schiller should be stayed with the view of giving him an opportunity of making an explanation to the Company at an adjourned meeting to be held on 28th February.

Mr. Swinhoe occupied the chair.

The Chairman stated that no shareholders had registered a vote in favour of Mr. Knowles' proposition, but that votes representing 351 shares held by 303 shareholders were polled against it.

The Chairman also stated in reply to a question by Mr. Ernsthausen (whether the votes could be registered of shareholders who had not paid the call due on the 3rd instant.) that the Advocate General was of opinion that the Chairman should refuse to register votes of shareholders tendered on or after the 3rd unless the call was paid.

In farther reply to a question by Mr. Ernsthausen,

The Chairman stated that as shareholders had not availed themselves of an opportunity of expressing an opinion on the report of the sub-Committee at last meeting, the matter was now in the hands of the Directors.

Mr. Knowles stated as a probable reason why no votes had been registered in favour of his proposition that having ascertained Mr. Schiller did not intend to leave England till the 20th February he intended to withdraw his proposition.

The meeting then closed.

(Special for the Bombay Gazette.)

CALCUTTA, 6TH FEB.

It is stated that Mr. Massey has arranged to make his Financial Statement at the end of the present month provided the Income Tax Bill is then prepared. The Income Tax Bill will be published in the *Gazette of India* before it is passed.

The proposed New License Tax on traders and bankers has been abandoned or will be brought before the local Councils.

AFGHANISTAN.

(From our own Correspondent.)

OCCUPATION OF KHILM AND TASHKURGHAN BY SIRDAR ABDOORRAHMAN KHAN.

13th January.—News was received this day from the camp of Sirdar Abdoorrahman Khan to the effect that Sirdar Mahomed Ismail Khan and Sirdar Mahomed Oosman Khan, son of the late Sirdar Peer Mahomed Khan, having marched from Hybuck (the place where they were last reported to be encamped) with 4,000 Jazailchees, six battalions of Candahar troops, and three regiments of Cavalry, crossed Darah Eusoof in Turkistan, thus making his actual entrance into that province. Sirdar Abdoorrahman Khan was close behind Mahomed Ismail Khan, with 2000 sowars, two regiments of infantry, two battalions and six guns, followed by the Ghooree or Ghoreband route. It is stated that as Mahomed Ismail Khan's troops entered Hyhuck; the troops of Sirdar Fatteh Mahomed Khan deserted Khilm, and made their way to Tukhta Pool. On the present occasion Meer Sooltan Moorad Khan, son of the late Meer Ataleek, did all that laid in his power to supply the troops of Mahomed Ismail Khan and Abdoorrahman Khan with provisions. Ample supplies of rice, grain, wood and grass, the chief articles required, have been made by the Meer. It has been ascertained that Sirdar Abdoorrahman Khan, is in union with most of the Turkistanee Sirdars, and in secret communication with them, and has received promises of help on his entering the chief city. The fact is now being realized, and if the other Turkistanee Sirdars follow the example of Meer Ataleek's son, it will greatly tend to the success of Sirdar Abdoorrahman Khan. All the Cabulees are now anxiously waiting the arrival of kossids to hear of Sirdar Abdoorrahman Khan's progress. The Ameer has given the Governor, Sirdar Ahmud Khan, powers to decide cases, while he himself watches most ardently the arrival of newsletters from the camp.

14th January.—Up to 1 o'clock this afternoon no kossid with letters had arrived from Turkistan. At that time, however, a sowar came to the Ameer in the Durbar, and delivered a letter which announced the final entry of Sirdar Abdoorrahman Khan and Mahomed Ismail Khan into Khilm, the chief city of Turkistan, with their troops. Another letter was received by the Ameer, stating that—"Sirdar Abdoorrahman Khan has after all effected his entrance into Khilm. Some of the Turkistanee Sirdars have waited on the Sirdar to pay their respects, while others have not done so as yet. Abdoorrahman has posted his own men on the gates of the city, where there has been no agitation or disturbance of any kind whatever. His troops are coming behind, while the Sirdar has despatched a portion of them one march further from Khilm on the Tukhta Pool road. Ismail Khan and all the other Sirdars are with Abdoorrahman. A movement in the direction of Tukhta Pool will be effected as soon as the rest of the troops join him. Many men of Sirdar Abdoorrahman's troops have perished in the way from the severity of the season, but notwithstanding all these obstacles the Sirdar has met with success at last." Another letter stated, "The Bokhara merchants with their Quafilas were at Khilm when Abdoorrahman Khan entered there. As a large number of mules and camels laden with provisions and military stores had perished on the way, the Sirdar confiscated all these animals from those merchants, and has despatched them to Darah Hoojree, for the use of that portion of his camp which has remained behind. The residents of Khilm are generally well disposed to Abdoorrahman Khan. Some of the Sirdars at Khilm, however, have fled to Tukhta Pool. They were those who were attached to Ameer Shere Ally Khan, but were unable to resist the Sirdar." It will thus appear that Ameer Shere Ally Khan has lost his possession of Khilm from the same inactivity as he lost Candahar, which city was peacefully occupied by Mahomed Azim Khan, in exactly the same manner as his nephew now got hold of Khilm, the most important city of Turkistan, and second in importance only to Herat in Ameer Shere Ally Khan's possessions. The Ameer no sooner heard all these accounts than he ordered purses of money in cash to be awarded to the kossids. Sirdars Mahomed Omer Khan, Nazir Hyder Khan, Abdoolquadur Khan, Moostoufee Abdool Khalique Khan and others stood up and offered their warm and heartfelt congratulations to the Ameer for his great success. The Ameer replied to them with thanksgivings to the Almighty. He then entered the seraglio to inform Bee Bee Murwareed and other female members of his family of the important event. On coming out from the Mahulsarai an order was given to fire a salute of twenty-one guns in honor of the event, which was carried into effect. Numbers of other Khans and Sirdars then commenced to flock into the fort to offer their congratulations to the Ameer, and the day concluded in great rejoicings and festivities everywhere at Cabul. The Balla Hissar fort was illumined with great pomp and splendour, and so were parts of the city, to celebrate Abdoorrahman Khan's victorious entry into the heart of Turkistan.

15th January.—Letters were received from Bokhara at Cabul today, stating that an Envoy of the Czar of Russia has just had an interview with the Shah at Bokhara. Every distinction due to the representative of the Emperor was shown by His Majesty, and the Envoy stopped at Bokhara for three days. During his residence it was resolved and agreed upon by the Bokhara Ameer, according to the Russian General's demand, that His Majesty should accede to the following conditions.—(1.) The erection of a large Military Cantonment at Chargoo on the Oxus. The Shah to aid the Russians in carrying on this object. (2.) The formation of a chief Russian factory or commercial Kotte at Bokhara. (3.) The exemption from heavy taxation of other tribes than Mahomedany. Russia to take one-fortieth as duty on all merchandise; Bokhara to take the same. Formerly the Shah charged one-twentieth on foreign merchandise, and used to take one-fortieth from the Mahomedan merchants. This system is to be cancelled and one rule to prevail in all cases. To these three terms the Shah has agreed, and the Russian Envoy was dismissed from the Shah's court with due honors. The Russian troops which were marching in the direction of Noor Atta have now been ordered by their General to return to Jazuk. New troops are expected to arrive from Khojund and Orenburgh at Samarkand, Kurshen and Charjaree." It must be remarked here that as the passage between Bokhara and Khilm is now to a certain degree, safe, news from Bokhara will be received at Cabul regularly henceforth. News from Turkistan received this day at Cabul states that Sirdar Fatteh Mahomed Khan, on hearing that Abdoorrahman Khan had entered Khilm, plundered indiscriminately the city of Tashgurkhan, put to pillage the property of the merchants, and having swept away all the wealth and property of Ameer Shere Ally Khan at that place fled to Tukhta Pool. Fatteh Mahomed Khan, like other Sirdars attached to Ameer Shere Ally Khan, did all they could in accordance to the instructions of their Ameer, who thought it useless to oppose the Cabul party for reasons better known to him. It is, however, maintained by the party of Ameer Shere Ally Khan at Cabul, that he intends to proceed to Ferah shortly, and will there appear with renewed vigour in front of Candahar to commence again from that point. Sirdar Abdoorrahman Khan is reported to be at Khurrum Surbagh a few miles distant from Khilm, while he has left Mahomed Ismail Khan at Khilm. This day the Ameer Mahomed Azim Khan ordered merchants and others to write particulars of the recent revolution at Turkistan to their agents abroad in order that the news of his victory may be widely circulated.

16th January.—The Ameer Mahomed Azim Khan held his usual durbar to day. Sirdar Mahomed Shureef Khan was called to his presence for particular business, but the Sirdar did not attend the durbar on account of ill health. On the breaking up of the durbar of 14th instant, he had ordered Sahib Zadah Hakee Koollah Khan, late Moosahib of Ameer Shere Ally Khan to be put in chains. This was ordered in consequence of the suspicions the Ameer entertained against him of keeping communication with the ex-Ameer. Some maintained the Ameer Sahib was informed through his emissaries at Turkistan that the Sahib Zadah was in correspondence with Shere Ally Khan. However, the accused remained in prison for three days, when orders were passed to-day by the Ameer in his favour to banish him from Cabul at once. Accordingly the Kootwall Goolam Raja Khan banished Hakee Koollah Khan from the city under a guard of ten soldiers, who are directed to return from the Jallahabad river after delivering the man to the authorities across the stream. From Jallahabad the unfortunate Sirdar will be sent to Peshawur. He was a man of tolerable degree at Cabul, was in receipt of a salary of 12,000 rupees per annum, and in possession of large estates and property. A Moorasilah was in the meanwhile received from Sirdar Abdoorahman by the Ameer stating the following:—"I was waiting with my troops at Korrum Surbagh with four thousand of Cavalry. Having been joined by them I left Surbagh and reached Tashurkhan perfectly safe. Most of the Turkistanee Sirdars have paid me their respects, presenting me Nuzurs and doing me homage. Fatteh Mahomed Khan and Sekundar Khan, I hear, have fled even from Tukhta Pool and gone to Akhchah. Ameer Shere Ally is stated to have returned to Herat in great haste. I have sent Mahomed Ismail Khan on a march distant from Tashkurghan on the Tukhta Pool road, to which place we will commence our marches shortly after." As the Ameer's mind is perfectly at ease now with regard to the Turkistan affairs, there is a talk again in the Court of his proceeding to Jallalabad to pass the remaining winter.

17th January.—A Moorasilah was written this day from the Ameer Mahomed Azim Khan to Sirdar Mahomed Ismail Khan, directing him to pursue Sirdar Fatteh Mahomed Khan, Sekunder Khan and other officers of Ameer Shere Ally Khan as far as possible, as he stated his object was to expel the party of Ameer Shere Ally Khan from Turkistan entirely. In the meantime Sirdar Mahomed Omer Khan waited on the Ameer and implored him to pardon Sahib Zadah Hakeekoollah Khan, banished yesterday from Cabul. After a very long debate the Ameer granted the Sirdar's request, and a Purwanah was immediately written to Sirdar Nasroollah Khan to send the Sahib Zadah back to Cabul. The Moustoufee was then ordered to write a Moorasilah to Sirdar Mahomed Surmur Khan, Governor at Candahar, informing him that Ameer Shere Ally Khan was coming to Ferah to appear in arms before Candahar, that it was necessary he should despatch troops immediately to Gurishk to meet the troops of Sirdars Fatteh Mahomed Khan and Sekunder Khan, who were reported to have been ordered by Ameer Shere Ally Khan to proceed from Turkistan to Ferah by the Maimanah route. A Moorasilah was at the same time received by the Ameer from Sirdar Mahomed Eusoof Khan, Governor at Punj Shere, submitting that "snow had fallen here to a degree, that it has risen in the bazars by five charuks. Most of the residents have deserted and proceeded to warmer stations to protect themselves from the severity of the season. If I be kindly permitted to come to Cabul for a fortnight, a change of the season will be of much advantage to me." The Ameer ordered a reply to be written to the effect that under present circumstances, he did not know when he was to leave for Jallalabad himself, and the recent affairs at Turkistan had not attained any degree of firmness, he could not grant his request. At Cabul the snow has risen three charuks high; orders were therefore issued today by the Ameer for the Hasarah men to clear up the streets from snow and throw it in the ditch outside the city walls. The Ameer is seizing the dependents and relatives of Ameer Shere Ally Khan at Cabul.

GOSSIP FROM MADRAS.

(From our own Correspondent.)

MADRAS, 30TH JANUARY.

WHEN last writing, I promised to give you a more detailed account, than owing to press of other matter I was then able to do, of the Philharmonic Society's last concert, which came off in Banquetting Hall on evening of the 24th inst. This was their second concert of this season, their public performances not having been either so numerous, or so quickly repeated, as was the case last year. The Society is, however, your musical readers will be glad to hear, in a very flourishing condition, both as to the number of its performing members, of its subscribers, and, as a natural consequence, as to funds, which after all is a very important point. Whatever may be the cause of the falling off in the frequency of the concerts, however, the other evening satisfactorily proved that the society has not fallen off in efficiency, either in solo or chorus; two of the latter which formed part of the programme, namely, the waltz chorus, and the soldiers' from Faust, the last for men's voices, being given with great precision and effect. Altogether though owing to the wetness of the evening and other causes, the audience was but a small one, all were agreed in saying that on the whole the concert went off well. There was one feature in it which somewhat distinguished it from other similar entertainments, and that was the professional element introduced by the presence, among the performers, of Madame Anna Bishop and her coadjutor Mr. Charles Lascelles, who had very kindly placed their services at the disposal of the Society for the evening. While fully appreciating Madame Bishop's good nature in lending her admirable voice on the occasion, I think it may be doubted whether the Society's acceptance of it was altogether judicious. Amateurs are generally sufficiently shy and nervous, especially soloists, and the known presence of a first class professional vocalist is not calculated to allay those feelings. In addition to this, it is perhaps hardly fair to amateurs, in another sense, to place their performance besides that of a professional, whose whole life has been devoted to the attainment of perfection in singing, and the effect is somewhat to cast the former into the shade in the minds of an undiscriminating audience. However, no such results were apparent on the evening in question, for the simple reason that Madame Bishop herself was the only female soloist, one of our principal cantatrices, who was expected to perform, not being able apparently to take sufficient heart to come before the scenes at all. In regard to Mr. Lascelles, though an excellent singer in a certain sense, his performances partake rather of the curious than of the fine or melodious, and while he was deservedly applauded for the manner in which he rendered the extremes of bass and tenor in the old song "Robin Ruff," no one will for a moment contend, that either in that, or the *encore* which he good-naturedly granted for the peculiar edification of the "gods," did he at all eclipse the fine manly baritone of the gentleman amateur who took the part of Valentine in Faust, or the peculiarly soft but clear tenor of the other who acquitted himself to perfection of the arduous task of representing Siebel, which is of course a soprano role.

As you would gather from the above incidental allusions, the programme of the evening consisted principally of selections from Faust, and opened with the recitative commencing, "The stars grow pale, the dawn doth Heaven cover," followed by the soprano chorus—"Ah! careless idle maiden," &c., a little weak and irregular perhaps at first, but gradually attaining some of the required soundness and steadiness as the fair performers gained confidence. The part of Faust was taken throughout by a gentleman who, though his voice perhaps hardly retains its pristine strength and clearness, is possessed of great taste in execution and correctness of ear, and who appears thoroughly to enter into his parts. Putting Madame Bishop's almost perfect rendering of "Robert toi que j'aime" from Meyerbeer's Opera of Robert le Diable, and of the sweet little ballad "My bud in heaven," aside, as professional, the gems of the evening were decidedly the tenor and baritone solos above referred to.

Two lady accompanists very kindly did excellent service, as usual, in their by no means unimportant sphere, and another favoured the audience with a brilliantly executed pianoforte performances, which did infinite credit to her nimbleness of finger and correctness of ear alike, and we can only wish the performers their due encouragement of a larger audience on the next occasion.

There has been some considerable excitement created by the report of five seamen having deserted from the American ship *Canada*, now in our roadstead, by jumping overboard with the intention of swimming ashore. These unfortunates, however, have never since been heard of, and the fact of a human arm having been picked up a few days ago, the next day after the occurrence, on the beach by one of the marine police, naturally leads people to infer that they have all perished. That these men should have determined on so rash a step in a roadstead swarming with sharks, with a powerful current and high surf to fight against in addition, would appear to indicate either the most insane folly, or a desperate desire to leave the ship, and a close scrutiny will no doubt take place into the circumstances. American ships as a rule do not bear a very favourable character for the harmony existing between officers and crew, and it is to be feared that some gross ill-treatment may be at the bottom of the event, and, indeed, it is whispered that the mates on board this vessel are "hard ones." However, we will hope that it may be proved after all that the desertion of these men was only a wild caprice. The manner in which the circumstances came to light is highly indicative of the Yankee sangfroid of the captain, as he reported it at the police office, in order, as he said, that if the men were found loitering on shore they might be returned to the ship by the police, he being apparently quite free of any uneasiness as to their probable fate.

Our Criminal Sessions will open at the High Court on Monday, the 3rd proximo, and I regret to state, that one of the first cases which will come before the Judge is that in which three Europeans are concerned on a charge of "using criminal force" in an affray in the Hill Districts, the result being, I believe, that a man was found dead next morning. These exhibitions are much to be regretted, and it is to be feared are calculated to lower the prestige of Europeans who ought to be rather an example to their native fellow subjects.

In a late leading article, our local *Times* advocates the promotion of the cause of female education by employing the native dancing girls as teachers. The arguments used are, as far as I have been able to ascertain from enquiries specially made among some of the most respectable of the native community, most fallacious; the idea that they would admit, in the characters of instructresses of the female members of their families, persons of professedly immoral character and mind, is characterized as simply "absurd." This being the case it is quite evident that there is not such a very wide difference between the opinions and feelings of the natives and those held by ourselves regarding morality as the writer of the article in question would make out. The great feature of our day appears to be a run after novelty, and the more startling and improbable a theory is, the greater appears to be its chance of finding acceptance among a certain class.

There is great delay and difficulty experienced here in connection with shipping, owing to the paucity of cargo boats, and in consequence some of our leading merchants not long since coalesced in an endeavour to render themselves somewhat independent by the introduction of four new iron boats from home. The experiment, however, though comparatively a very expensive one, has been most unsuccessful, the English (Scotch I believe I ought to say) boats being found too deep and heavy to be propelled with any precision against the strong current which runs along our coast during a great part of the year. The Masula boatmen appear to be richly enjoying the discomfiture of the "Dorays," and are charging the most preposterous rates for plying their own frail crafts, which are notwithstanding admirably adapted for the nature of the work they have to do. Our roads are very full of discharging ships, no less than 20 being in to the Railway, I believe, and the Masula boats not having increased in number their owners of course have it all their own way. One of the boats, I understand, actually earned the other day about Rs. 70, which, considering the boat itself was worth only about Rs. 120, and crew some 12 men, was not bad! This appears to be one of those cases where a lesson might be learned with advantage from native experience; since the Masula boats are found so well suited for the work, it would appear to have been much wiser had the mercantile community put *their* heads together to add largely to their number, importing if necessary from other ports the necessary crews, and putting the whole into the hands of a Company, instead of getting out *small iron ships* as they have done, which could only be useful in conjunction with a steam-tug.

BOMBAY.

BARON A. J. De H. Larpent has been appointed Judge and Session Judge of Rutnagherry.

MAILS will be closed at the General Post Office for Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Calicut, and Cochin, per steamer *Martaban*, at 10 A.M. to-day.

Mails will also be closed for Zanzibar per Bugla *Salamty*, at 11 A.M. to-day.

ABOUT forty vessels are now being laden in the harbour for Annesley Bay. In the course of a week all the remaining animals for the Land Transport Train will have been shipped.

THE following additional subscriptions have been received at the Master Attendant's office on behalf of the crew of the *Lotar*:—Lyon, Brothers and Co., Rs. 50; Mr. G. Larcum, Rs. 10; officers and crew of the ship *Dilawar*, Rs, 30; Pelly and Co., Rs. 10; Mr. J. S. Smith Rs. 5; Captain Blackmore, Rs. 20.

PROGRAMME of music to be played by the Band of the 22nd N. I. at the Esplanade, this evening:—

March	"All the Rage"	...Riviere.
Overture	"Le Macon"	....Auber.
Quadrille	"Erin go Bragh"	..D'Albert.
Selection	"Il Barbiere"	.....Bossini.
Waltz	"Passion Flower"	Coote.
Galop	"Martha"	.....Bilse.

THE ship *Japan* sailed for Annesley Bay on Thursday evening. The *Knighton* and *Carolina*, with Commissariat stores, and the *Pearl of India*, with ponies, are expected to sail to-day. The s. s. *Sultan*, laden with Commissariat stores, and towing five barges laden with hay, is expected to sail on Monday, also the s. s. *Sunda*, laden with general stores, towing the condensing vessel *Hyderabad*, which is capable of condensing 10,000 gallons daily.

DAJEE PANDURANG, a law student, was, on the 24th January, brought before Mr. John Connon at the Fort Police Court, on a charge of having on the previous day driven a vehicle in so rash and negligent a manner as to cause grievous hurt to one Narrotum Goverdhun. Narrotum being at the time laid up in the house, the case was postponed, and the accused admitted to bail. Yesterday the Magistrate went to take the declaration of the injured person, who it was feared would die from the effects of the accident. Narotum was found, however, to be hopelessly incapable of answering any questions, and seemed to be dying of lockjaw. He did not recognise the accused, but was able to say—"I was run down by a horse ghary." The case has been remanded till 14th February.

PERSONS not residing in a Regulation District of the Bombay Presidency, or in the City of Bombay, who are desirous of being admitted to the annual examinations for the offices of Moonsiff and Pleader, will be required to produce the following certificates when applying to the Registrar of the High Court for admission:—(1). A certificate from an officer at the head of a Government department shewing where the applicant has been residing for five years preceding the date of his application. (2). A certificate of character and qualifications from an officer at the head of a Government department in the district where the applicant has been residing during the twelve months preceding the date of his application. If no such certificates are produced, the applicant will be required to explain to the satisfaction of the Registrar why he cannot produce them.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE LATE MR. E. I. HOWARD V. THE ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

At the High Court, on Tuesday last, the 4th instant, a suit was called in which Messrs. Charles Igguldon, Edward Bendir, and the Indian Peninsular, London and China Bank were plaintiffs, and the Albert Medical and Family Endowment Life Assurance Company, defendants.

The plaintiffs are the trustees of the estates of the late Mr. E. I. Howard, and sought to obtain Rs. 25,000, the amount alleged to be due to this estate under a policy of assurance, issued for two years only, on the life of Mr. Howard. Mr. White appeared for the defendant, and Mr. Pigot for plaintiffs.

The case was adjourned and placed at the bottom of the short cause list for next hearing.

We believe the defence is that the Policy lapsed before it was assigned to the above trustees, in consequence of non-payment of premium within the time regulated in the prospectuses, and made known in advertisements.

It happened that six days after the Policy became null and void, through inadvertence of a clerk, in the absence of the cashier, a receipt was obtained from the Company's office by the said trustees on payment of Rs. 257-13-0 without fine or medical certificate, a *sine qua non* essential to revive a Policy once it is lapsed. The trustees, it is said, owned that they were well aware of the lapse, and did not know how it would affect the policy. Now, the fact of having possessed such receipt is the basis on which the trustees found their claim to recover Rs. 25,000.

The Company, therefore, questions the legality of such proceedings, seeing that the receipt obtained as above is not a competent document in a case of lapsed Policy without renewed medical certificate, which is indispensable by the rules of Insurance Companies.

We understand this does not in the least affect the interests of the widow of deceased, otherwise the Company, who have paid five millions sterling in claims, would, doubtless, though legally not bound, have taken a liberal view of this case and settled the claim.

THE CHARGE OF BIGAMY AGAINST CAPTAIN ELLIS.

THE further hearing of the above case was resumed yesterday before Mr. R. H. Showell, when the following additional evidence was recorded:—

Mr. Richard Fell said:—I am an auctioneer and commission agent, and reside at Poona. I cannot say that I recognize the prisoner at the bar now. I perfectly recollect Mrs. Ellis, now in Court. I was chaplain's clerk at Poona about thirteen or fourteen years ago. During that time I recollect a marriage taking place in St. Mary's Church at Poona between a Miss Rendall, the prosecutrix, and a Captain Ellis, who was then Commander of the steamer *Pilot*. I was present on the occasion. To the best of my recollection, the Senior Chaplain, the late Rev. J. N. Allen, performed the ceremony. The extract from the register of marriages, containing the above marriage, was made out by me, and to the best of my recollection my signature is on the left hand corner of it. The document now shown to me is the extract from the register of marriages above alluded to. It is made out in my writing. The signatures to it are those of the late Rev. J. N. Allen and myself. To the best of my recollection, Captain Ellis stated the particulars opposite his name, and the father of the prosecutrix those opposite her name.

Cross-examined by Mr. Judge:—With the exception of having heard, about two years after the marriage, of the separation of the parties, I have never heard anything of either of them until I saw what was in the public newspapers about them some days ago.

There were no other witnesses present in Court. Mrs. Wellis, a witness, had sent a sick certificate from Poona of her inability to come to Bombay, besides asking to be paid her expenses when she came here. Another witness, Mrs. Rendall, also asked for her expenses. His Worship arranged that the expenses for Mrs. Rendall be tendered adduced:—

Lalooram Sewram, a sepoy in the service of one Kerbadjee Hormusjee, stated that his master had given him permission to take his "khanna" in company with other Purdesees in the shed in the compound of the Jamsetjee Hospital. About 6 o'clock on Thursday afternoon last witness was present in the room in the stone cutters' shed used by Hurrybujun. A Parsee named Muncherjee Hormusjee besides the deceased and Hurrybujun was present on the occasion. Witness went there on account of a complaint made to him against Hurrybujun for stealing wood belonging to his master. When he got in he recognised the wood. Deceased pulled down the wood which was stacked in a corner and gave it to the witness. The room was quite dark, and consequently a light was brought in. Deceased said to Hurrybujun "you have kept stolen wood here." Hurrybujun replied "I have bought the wood." The Parsee thereupon asked Hurrybujun from whom he had purchased it. Deceased said there was plenty of wood inside, and pulled down the wood and took out two or three pieces. The murderer who was inside the room came out and went into stone cutters' shed where all the stone cutters' impliments were lying about. He picked up an axe and came into the room, and struck the deceased with the axe while he was stooping to pull the wood out of the stack. He then ran away. Witness found that his dhotur was stained with blood. He ran out and called a sepoy, and when he went back with the sepoy to the place he found the dead body of the deceased lying outside. Seven deep wounds were inflicted on the body of the deceased. The axe was blunt at one end and had a sharp cutting edge somewhat roughened at the other. It had an iron handle.

Mr. Inspector Barnes stated that in the afternoon of Thursday last, at 6 o'clock, Hurrybujun Ramdeen was brought before him by a policeman, who charged him with the murder of a Purdasee in the compound of the Jamsetjee Hospital. He went to the hospital and found the deceased was lying dead in the hut. Hurrybujun then voluntarily stated to the witness that he had been accused by the deceased of stealing wood and to save his character he took his life. He also said "if you went into the battle would you not take a man's life if you intended to kill him?"

The Coroner adjourned the case for further enquiry till Monday, the 10th inst.

FIRST CRIMINAL SESSIONS OF 1868.

FIFTH DAY, *February 7th.*

USING A FORGED NOTE.—Dhondoo Khundojee and Succaram Narayen were each charged with having, on 6th January, used as genuine a frged promissory note of the Government of India for Rs. 1000, and further with having the document in their possession knowing it to be forged. There was also a charge against Succaram of having used the document, and against Dhondoo of having abetted that offence.

The prisoners pleaded not guilty.

The prosecution was conducted by Mr. Branson; the first prisoner was represented by Mr. McCulloch, and the second prisoner by Mr. Moody.

Mr. Branson said there were so few elements of doubt in this case that he did not intend to take up their time long before proceeding to call witnesses. It was an absolute certainty that the note had been forged. He would call evidence to show that the prisoners had both known that the note was forged, and that one of them actually attempted to get money for the note, and that the other prisoner had given him the note knowing it to be forged. Dhondoo gave this Rs. 1,000 note to Succaram for Rs. 500, and took a receipt for it, and when he was questioned about it he never denied it. He had also offered to get two or three notes of the same sort. On 6th January Succaram, who was a hack buggy driver, went to Pallonjee Shapoorjee, a carpenter, and asked him to change the note. Pallonjee said he would, and handed it over to his uncle Dhunjeebhoy Ruttonjee, who took it to a Parsee shroff named Cursetjee Dadabhoy to be changed. This shroff took the note to the currency office, where he was told the note was forged. Succaram was then arrested, and on the 9th a plot was laid to catch Dhondoo. A European constable and two natives went to Pallonjee's house, taking along with them the prisoner Succaram. The policemen concealed themselves, and Dhondoo was then sent for. When he arrived he was asked by Pallonjee if he had given the note to Succaram, when he said he had. Pallonjee then said he would give him Rs. 300 for such a note. Dhondoo said that was too little, and that he often got Rs. 700 or Rs. 800 for a note of that sort. The price of the note was then fixed at Rs. 500, and Dhondoo said he could get two or three more. Pallonjee having handed over the money, the police came out from their concealment and arrested Dhondoo.

Evidence for the prosecution having been given,

Mr. McCulloch addressed the jury, submitting that very little evidence had come before them affecting his client, and that what had been brought forward was of a very unsatisfactory character. This case, he said, was one of a class which every jury was apt to regard with a certain repugnance and suspicion—a case of trapping, where a trap had intentionally been laid by the police in concert with criminals for the detection of another person. He contended that there was no evidence as to Dhondoo's having given a false note to Succaram, unless they believed the approver Pallonjee, and the law held that the evidence of that man could only be received when it was corroborated; but instead of its having been corroborated it had been contradicted by the other witnesses. Could they say from the evidence that the note produced to-day was the particular and identical note which had ever been in the possession of Dhondoo. It had only been proved that Dhondoo had given Succaram a Rs. 1,000 note, but it had not been proved that the word false note had been used, though the police were within hearing; then the number of the note had been mentioned, but there might have been a real note of the same number.

Mr. Moody then addressed the jury on behalf of Succaram. That the note produced in Court that day, he said, was forged there could be no doubt, but the jury if they convicted his client, must find that he knew it was forged. There certainly was no evidence to show that he did. His case was that his client had received this note from some one who had asked him to go with it to Pallonjee; that he gave it to him in the most simple manner possible, and that then Pallonjee took it, and hearing that something regarding the affair having become known, took fright and said, "In order to get out of my scrape I will tell the police." He contended that there was no evidence at all as to the guilt of his client.

The jury, after having been addressed by the Court, retired at a quarter to four, and after a few minute's consultation, found both prisoners guilty of having used a forged document knowing it to be forged.

His Lordship—The sentence of the Court is that the first prisoner be transported for life, and that the second prisoner suffer rigorous imprisonment for five years.

THEFT.—Gungadeen Rechoo was found guilty of having stolen a box containing jewellery &c. of the value of Rs. 1700 from the house of his master at Mazagon, and Casseram Suntaram was found guilty of receiving the same knowing it to be stolen. Gungadeen said he took the box because his wages were in arrears. The first prisoner was sentenced to three years' and the second prisoner to two years' rigorous imprisonment in the County Jail.

The Court then adjourned till this morning.

SPORTING.

BOMBAY RACES—1868.

SECOND DAY, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8.

The following are the Entries for to-day's races:—

THE DERBY.

Khusro.
Grand Master.
Hadjee.

THE CRITERION STAKES.

Maneghee.
Kohinoor.
Chance.

THE WELTER.

Blackthorn, W. O.

THE BICULLA STAKES.

Grey Leg.
Kohinoor.
Raby.

THE SURPLUS STAKES.

Jairam.
Teheran.
Upas.
Lottery.

RIFLE ASSOCIATION OF WESTERN INDIA.

SIXTH ANNUAL MEETING TO BE HELD IN BOMBAY IN FEBRUARY 1868.

FIRST DAY, WEDNESDAY, 19TH FEBRUARY.

1st.—*The Gold Medal of the Association.*—To be shot for by members of the R. A. W. India *only* (any position) with Rifles of any description or make (excluding all Rifles fitted with hair triggers or telescopic sights). Five shots each at 600 and 800 yards. Entrance Rs. 10. Winner of the Gold Medal, last year, or the "Henry Rifle" in 1865, "Association Cup" and "Whitworth Rifle," at previous meetings, to be handicapped 4 points.

2nd.—*A Sweepstakes.*—with Rs. 50 from the Fund, for "all comers." 5 shots each at 200 and 400 yards. Entrance Rs. 5. Any Rifle, any position.

3rd.—*A Double barrelled Sporting Rifle Match.*—"All comers." Town prizes Rs. 75 and 50, at three guess distances from 50 to 175 yards. Two double shots at each distance. Position any. Entrance Rs. 5. Wind sights and tr

MR. BRIGHT ON THE TORIES.

(The Spectator.)

MR. BRIGHT is almost always too hard on the Tories. In the brilliant, and in point of style, perfectly classical, expression of commiseration for that party, pronounced at Rochdale on Monday last, Mr. Bright seems to us to have completely ignored the very great, though we admit humble, services of Tories to the political progress of the country. He quoted from Madame de Stael this definition of the word 'happiness' "a constant occupation for a desirable object with a sence of continual progress;" but their object, he say, is not desirable, as is proved by their own admissions in time, for the Tories of our generation have adopted most of the principles of the Liberals of thirty years ago; and so far from having a sense of continual progress, they have a sense of continual regress. Hence Mr. Bright pronounces them the most unhappy of political mankind, and accords them very generously his hearty pity for their many woes. Now, the first criticism that occurs to an impartial mind, is that Mr. Bright's appeal to Madame de Stael is rather a witticism, in the connection in which he cites it, than a testimony in favour of his own view. If the object any one has in view is not movement, but standing still, it is rather hard to make "progress,"—a term which scarcely applies to such an object as that—one of the conditions of complete success. You can scarcely say that a man has made great progress in standing still, yet Mr. Bright by his definition evades the possibility of pronouncing the Tories happy, for he introduces into his explanation of happiness an idea intrinsically inconsistent with this Tory desire. The Tory must be said to have made progress in winning his own ideal of happiness, if he has successfully resisted, or materially delayed, the progress of Liberals. He represents in politics what friction represents in mechanics,—a force which resists motion instead of causing it,—a force which is only elicited where there is an attempt at motion, and is completely latent where there is none. The Tory ought to be happiest if he has nothing to do,—and sufficiently happy if what he does do keeps others stationary. He ought to have had a moment of pure bliss when he elicited from Lord Russell,—the Liberal leader,—the act of submission involved in the recommendation to "rest and be thankful." He had far more reason for joy during Lord Palmerston's long reign than his opponent. Even with regard to the repeal of the Corn Laws and free trade, we do not consider that he had any need to repine. True, he resisted those reforms to the last, and is now a convert to them,—but then his true purpose and object is never to maintain a particular intellectual view, but to minimize change as much as possible; and his intellectual opposition, such as it is, is rather argument invented for the sake of resistance, than in any sense the cause of resistance. One scarcely ever heard, for instance, of two Tories agreeing on the intellectual reasons for opposing free trade. The intellectual reasons were the *excuses* for resistance, the chance itself was the thing resisted. No sensible man ever seriously thinks, for instance, of answering the *arguments* of (say) the *Standard*. We do not mean that Tory arguments are not sincere. No doubt they are as sincere, while they are put forward, as Liberal arguments. But they never represent the real ground or strenght of Tory principles. Answer all a Liberal's arguments for change, and if he is really satisfied with the answers, he ceases to wish for change. But answer a Tory's arguments against change, and even if he is perfectly satisfied that his arguments were wrong, he only feels that he advanced inadequate reasons for a strong case. He will abandon his logical defences, but not the position which they were meant to defend. He only looks out for a new stock of reasons directly the old ones fail him. Reasons are only the Tory's *weapons*; they are the Liberal's *motives*. And who will deny that the Tories not only succeeded in delaying for a very much longer time than there could have been any reason to hope the Free Trade reforms, but that by doing so they really made those reforms perfectly stable, and indefinitely diminished the probability of any back stroke of the pendulum to the old protectionist theories. No one seriously fears even that the unfranchisement of the working class, full as it is of unsound economical theories can lead to the reconversion of England to Protectionist principles. And to what do we owe this, so much as to the obstinate fight of the Tories against this reform, which made the whole of the middle and upper class either a party to the controversy or an umpire as to the issue? The Tories succeed in their purpose of preventing change even when they appear to fail; and, indeed, this is the true ground of the debt of gratitude we owe them. They have often resisted so obstinately that every intellectual and moral aspect of the questions discussed is exhausted before they are beaten: some of the least obstinate have been converted in person; and even the others are aware that their children must learn to think differently from themselves if they are to be of any political use in the world. Thus their resistance really does secure permanently the ground won by the Liberals; whereas if there had been no such protracted resistance, the victory won one year might be lost again the next, and the policy of the country be like the policy of so many other great States, pendulous, instead of regular in its advance. Progress against a steady and organized resistance is no doubt slow, but then it is exempt from reaction. The Tories, however unsuccessful in resisting change, at least succeed in preventing oscillation.

And again, it is only fair to say that Tory resistance is most successful where it attracts least attention. The reforms broached by Radical thinkers are really often smothered without a discussion by the enormous amount of Tory opposition which they encounter. We say this without the least Tory bias, for amongst such reforms, impracticable as they may seem—Englishmen being what they are—are some which we think would have deserved success. Take, for the mere sake of illustration, Mr. J. S. Mill's proposal to tax heavily the *increase* in rents arising from mere growth of population, and not due in any respect to care or improvements on behalf of the landlord. No proposal was ever made which, as it seems to us, was more truly just in every sense of the word,—giving back, indeed, to the nation only a part of what the growth of national power has incidentally given to certain favoured monopolists, and taking nothing from the regular gains of labour or capital. Yet that proposal has fallen dead, not from any want of strong reasons it its favour, but from the immense amount of Tory opposition such a tax would be certain to encounter. Of course we take the case as a mere illustration of a hundred other reforms which the Tories do really defeat without even opposing. As their principle is opposition to change, they necessarily succeed best with least to show for their success. Liberals, on the other hand, only succeed when they effect a change, and, therefore, they have necessarily more to show for their successes than the Tories. Asking when the Tories have succeeded, is like asking how often friction has prevented motion. Of course we cannot tell. Motion is noticed, but rest is not. While the glacier remains fixed no one remembers the immense forces of friction which keep it where it is. Were those forces suddenly annihilated, the face of the globe would be suddenly changed. We have no admiration for the Tories, but undoubtedly in many things they best represent the stolid temperament of the people of England. At all events their greatest victories are their most silent victories,—those where the vast inert mass of the resisting squirearchy deters even the *bringing forward* of a reform whose friends recognize with horror through what solid earthworks their artillery must penetrate before it can effect a breach.

But for the very reason for which we maintain that Mr. Bright was unjust in pitying the Tories for their want of success,—some of their least noisy successes would be a better ground for pity,—we think he was bound to extend his pity to their last reverse. For in that case they really flinched from their work. They did not resist to the last. They did not go on fighting till many of their own ranks were converted, and the country insured against any rebound of the pendulum. They surrendered at discretion, without being convinced that their cause was in any way hopeless. They offered an alliance to Mr. Lowe which meant a policy of no surrender, within a year of absolute and unconditional surrender. Instead of really fulfilling their true function as a party of resistance, and at least delaying the progress of Reform till the force applied was sufficient to overcome their obstruction, they suddenly removed the break and even put on steam just as the train was approaching the incline. The result has been, no doubt, official success, but a great party failure. Every one feels that they have not done what they profess to do in the way of resisting and delaying and minimizing change, and that the result has been a reform as to which the country is far from easy in its own mind,—far from convinced,—and that for this very reason no great change of modern times is so likely to be secure against reaction. We do not mean, of course, that reaction can ever take the shape of a *raising* of the suffrage. But we doubt if any great reform of our century is so likely to be one day neutralized by such a measure in some other form,—probably a limitation of the powers of the House of Commons,—as this. The Tories as a party really deserve pity for it, because they are perfectly conscious of not having done what they think their duty in such cases. And they are more to be pitied still if it turns out, as we fear it may do, that this neglect of duty results in changes of which the country is so suspicious that they will not, in spirit at least, prove permanent, but rather the first steps towards distrust of Parliament, and a disposition to curtail its political power.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

(Incorporated by Notional Decrees of 7th and 8th March 1848 and by Imperial Decree of 25th July 1854.)

Recognised by the International Convention of 30th April 1862 and by Act No. VIII. of 1864, of the Legislative Council of India and by amended Act of 1867.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £2,200,000,
PAID UP CAPITAL £2,400,000.
BEING CALLED UP £800,000.
RESERVE FUND £200,000.

HEAD OFFICE—Paris.
AGENCIES AT
Bombay, London, Calcutta, Lyons, Shanghai, Bourbon, Saigon.
SUB-AGENCY.—Yokohama.
CORRESPONDENTS.
Madras, Pondichery, Singapore, Java, Mauritius, Egypt.
London Bankers.
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON and MESSRS. C. J. HAMBRO AND SON.

The Bank grants Drafts and Letters of Credit and purchases and collects Bills, on the above places, and on all the principal Cities and Towns on the continent of Europe.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

These will be made up to the 30th June and 31st of December in each year, and if the balance shall not at any time during the half year have been below Rs. 1,000, Interest at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum will be allowed on the minimum monthly balances. No interest will be allowed above one lac.

Deposits for fixed periods are received at interest, particulars of which may be obtained at the Bank as also any information as to rules of business, &c.

DISCOUNTS, LOANS, &c.

The Bank discounts, approved Local Bills, grants Loans on Government Paper, Bullion, Bank Stock, and approved Shares and other Securities.

All Remittances to be endorsed "Pay Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, or order." OTTO MULLER,
Manager.

9, Rampart Row, Bombay, 24th October 1867.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.—IN-

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

The current rates of Exchange are:— per Rupee.

On London at 6 months' sight ..... 1s. 10¼d. do.
" 4 do. ..... 1s. 10 3/8d. do.
" 3 do. ..... 1s. 10d. do.
" 2 do. ..... 1s. 9¾d. do.
" 1 do. ..... 1s. 9½d. do.
" demand ..... 1s. 9¼d. do.
On Scotland do. } 1s. 9¼d. do.
On Ireland do.
On Paris do. ..... 1s. 9 3/8d. do.

Circular Notes payable throughout Europe, 1s. 9 3/8d. do.

No Drafts at four months' sight are granted for sums under £50 Sums under £20 are only drawn for on demand.

All Treasury Drafts, Hoondees and other orders for realization to be endorsed "Pay the Oriental Bank Corporation, or order."

Any information as to rules of business may be had on application at the Office or by letter to the Agent.

KURRACHEE SUB-AGENCY.

An Agency of the Corporation has been opened at Kurrachee, where Deposits are received on the same terms as at Bombay. The Agent also buys Bills on England and elsewhere, and grants Drafts on the Head Office and Branches of the Corporation.

Bombay, 7th February, 1868.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED.)

Capital £1,000,000 (one Million Sterling) in 100,000 Shares of £10 each.

Head Office.—NICHOLAS LANE, LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, E.C.
Manager.—M. BALFOUR, Esq.
London Bankers—MESSRS. GLYN, MILLS, CURRIE, & Co.

The Bombay Manager grants Bills of Exchange at the following rates on London at 6 months sight at 1/10¾ per Rupee.

4 do. 1/10 3/8 "
3 do. 1/10 5/16 "
2 do. 1/10¼ "
1 do. 1/10 7/16 "
On demand 1/10 1/8 "
On Scotland do. } 1s. 9 15/16d. "
On Ireland do.

Circular Notes for the use of Travellers on the Continent and to Europe Overland at 1 day's sight.

The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Shanghai, Singapore, Penang, Mauritius and Yokohama.

The Bank also draws on the Branches of the Bank of New South Wales.

INTEREST.

On Deposit accounts payable on demand will be credited half yearly, on 30th June and 31st December, at the rate of two per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 upon all accounts the balances of which have not during the six months fallen below Rs. 1,000. When such has been the case, no interest will be allowed.

On Fixed Deposits subject to 3 months Notice of withdrawal 3 per cent. per ann.
Do. 6 do. 4
Do. 12 do. 5

The Bank takes charge of Government Paper and other Securities for constituents without charge.

All Drafts or Hoondies forwarded for realisation should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited or order.

Hours of business 10 to 3, Saturday 10 to 1.

EDWARD MORRISS, Manager.

Bombay, 18th January 1868.

THE DELHI AND LONDON BANK (LIMITED):—

ESTABLISHED in India 1844.
Capital *One Million Sterling*, in 20,000 Shares, of £50 each.—Paid up Capital £337,225.

HEAD OFFICE, LONDON—J. C. PARRY, Esq., General Manager.
BRANCHES:—Calcutta, Bombay, Delhi, Lahore, Allahabad, Mussoorie, Lucknow, and Jubbulpore.
London Bankers—Union Bank of London.

EXCHANGE.

6 months' sight ... at 1s. 10 3/8d. per Rupee.
4 do. ... at 1s. 10¼d. "
3 do. ... at 1s. 10 3/16d. "
2 do. ... at 1s. 10 1/16d. "
1 do. ... at 1s. 10 1/16d. "
On demand ... at 1s. 10d. "
On Scotland and Ireland ... at 1s. 9 15/16d. "
Circular Notes payable throughout Europe ... at 1s. 9¾d. "

No Drafts at four months' sight are granted for sums under £50 Sums under £20 are only drawn for on demand.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS

Are made up to the 30th June and 31st of December in each year, and if the balance has not any time during the half year been below Rs. 1,000, Interest at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum is allowed on the minimum monthly balances. No interest is allowed on sums above one lac.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Subject to 3 months' notice of withdrawal 3 per cent. per annum.
6 ditto 4 do.
12 ditto 6 do.

Any further information as to Rules of Business, &c., may be had on application to the Manager.

Remittances to be endorsed thus:—"Pay to the Delhi and London Bank, Limited, or order."

Hours of Business—10 to 3; Saturdays, 10 to 1.

G. W. BOOKER, Manager,
Delhi and London Bank, Limited,

Bombay, 4th February, 1868.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank grants Drafts on London, Scotland, and Ireland, Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, and the principal Towns of Europe at the following current rates of Exchange:—

On London, at 6 mo'sight about 2/0 ... 1s. 10 3/8d. per Rupee
" 4 do. ... 1s. 10 1/4d. "
" 3 do. ... 1s. 10 3/16d. "
" 2 do. ... 1s. 10¼d. "
" 1 do. ... 1s. 10 1/16d. "
On demand ... 1s. 10d. "
On Scotland do. } 1s. 9 15/16d. "
On Ireland do.

Circular Notes for the use of Travellers on the Continent and to Europe Overland at 1 day's sight.

The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Shanghai, Singapore, Penang, Mauritius and Yokohama.

The Bank also draws on the Branches of the Bank of New South Wales.

INTEREST.

On Deposit accounts payable on demand will be credited half yearly (on 30th June and 31st December) at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 upon all accounts the balances of which have not during the six months fallen below Rs. 1,000. When such has been the case, no interest will be allowed.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

12 months ... 6 per cent.
6 do. ... 5 "
3 do. ... 4 "

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies, without charge, and realises interests and Dividends thereon on the following terms:—

If to be remitted in Bank's Drafts, without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of a ¼ per cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, or when sold on paying the proceeds of such sale in India, a Commission will be charged of ¼ per cent. But if proceeds are remitted on the Bank's Drafts, without charge.

Commission charged on purchase and sale of Government Securities ¼ per cent.

All Letters should be addressed and Hoondees made payable to the Agent, Chartered Mercantile Bank.

Bombay, 5th February 1865.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

HEAD OFFICE—HATTON COURT THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
PAID-UP CAPITAL—£300,000.

Branches and Agencies.—Bombay, Kurrachee, Calcutta, Rangoon, Singapore, Batavia, Hongkong, Shanghai, and Hankow, and Akyab.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank's Agency in Bombay grants Bills of Exchange on the CITY BANK, London, at the following rates, viz.:—

6 months' sight (on City Bank) at 1s. 10¼d. per Rupee.
4 do. ... at 1s. 10¼d. "
3 do. ... at 1s. 10 3/16d. "
2 do. ... at 1s. 10 1/16d. "
1 do. ... at 1s. 10 1/16d. "
On demand ... at 1s. 10¼d. "
On Demand (Head Office) ... at 1s. 10¼d. "

INTEREST.

On Deposits repayable on demand will be Credited half yearly (on 30th June and 31st December) at the rate of 3 per cent. on minimum monthly Balances, up to one lac of Rupees; in the case of all accounts the balances of which have not, during the six months fallen below Rs. 1,000; when such has been the case, no interest will be allowed. And on fixed deposits as follows:—

Repayable in one sum, at 3 months' notice, 3 per cent.
Do. 6 do. 4 "
Do. 12 do. 6 "

REMITTANCES.

The Bank's Agency receives Drafts or Hoondies on the Presidency for remittance to Europe in the Bank's Bills on London without charge.

All Drafts or Hoondies forwarded for realisation, to be made payable to the "Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, or order." When a remittance is to be made to a lady her Christian name must be given.

COMMISSIONS.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock, and other Securities, ¼ per cent.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody free of charge, the interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills.

On interest or Dividends, or proceeds of Securities by sale, ¼ per cent. commission charged if the amounts be paid in India if remitted home by the Bank, no charge.

On delivering in Securities deposited for safe custody, ¼ per cent.

Office hours 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. Saturdays 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.

Bombay, 18th January, 1868. JAMES DOUGLAS, Agent.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (LIMITED).

Established in Calcutta 1863, and Incorporated under the English Companies Act of 1862, 23rd March 1866.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL—TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ..... £967,740.
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... £465,870.
RESERVE FUND ..... £ 30,000.

Head Office—London.
Branches and Agencies.
Calcutta, Bombay, and Madras.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

JOHN BORRADAILE, Esq., 85, Gloucester Place, Portman Square.
R. B. BOYSON, Esq., late Solicitor to the Government of Madras.
R. O. CAMPBELL, ESQ., of Messrs. Binny & Co. Madras, late President. Bank of Madras.
W. S. FITZWILLIAM, Esq., late Member of the Supreme Legislative Council of India.
W. E. FRERE, Esq., Bombay Civil Service, late member of Council Bombay Government.
R. P. HARRISON, Esq., late Comptroller General of Accounts for India, and Government Director, Bank of Bengal.
E. W. WINGROVE, Esq., Chairman, Union Bank of Ireland.
CHIEF MANAGER,—R. O. SAWERS, Esq.
Calcutta Manager.—R. O. SAWERS, Esq.
Bombay Manager.—J. WINDRAM, Esq.
London Manager.—A. F. HEWETT, ESQ.
Madras.—Messrs. BINNY & Co., Agents.
Offices in London.....No. 80, King William Street.
London Bankers.
The Bank of England
and
National Provincial Bank of England.
AGENTS IN SCOTLAND.
British Linen Company Bank.
RULES OF BUSINESS OBSERVED AT BOMBAY.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank grants Drafts on London, Calcutta, and Madras at the current rates of Exchange. It also negotiates and collects Bills payable in those places. Instructions respecting Family Remittances are carefully attended to, and when requested, and the necessary particulars are furnished, the Bank will forward First Copy of the Bill direct to the parties in England.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank opens Current Deposit Accounts and allows Interest at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on customers' daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 50,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Money, on Fixed Deposit, and allows Interest thereon as follows:—

On Deposits subject to 3 months' notice of withdrawal 3 per cent.
" 6 " " 5 "
" 12 " " 6 "

All Remittances should be made payable to the Manager National Bank of India (Limited), who will be glad to afford any further information respecting the Bank's terms of business.

By order of the Directors,
JAMES WINDRAM, Manager.

National Bank of India, Bombay, 16th November 1867.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A New Chronometer, by ROBERTS, Liverpool. Apply to
MERWANJEE NUSSERWANJEE.

FOR SALE.—One sample 9-Horse Power Portable STEAM ENGINE, complete. Apply to
2, Rampart Row. TIMMIS WORMALD & Co.

FOR SALE STEAM ENGINES, both Portable and Horizontal, of from 7 to 40 Horse-power, Apply to RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.

FOR SALE:—A first class BROUGHAM and SOCIABLE by Edward Kesterton, both new and just received. Apply to W. NICOL & Co.

IRON ROOFS!!! Two pavillion Iron Roofs for sale, each 300 ft. by 45 ft. Apply to
1, Nesbit Lane, Fort. ALEX. C. BRICE & Co.

FOR SALE.—A Collection of useful Sentences, &c., in ENGLISH and ARABIC; the whole in Roman Characters. By Bomanji Dosabhai, Moonshie, Author of "Remarks on Governments," &c. Price Rs. 2.
CHESSON & WOODHALL.
No. 10 Hummum Street.

FOR SALE, at the Office of this Paper—Price Rs. 4—Rules relating to the winding up of Joint Stock Companies, made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, pursuant to Section 189 of the Indian Companies' Act 1866.

FOR SALE.—TEA, TEA, TEA.—JUST arrived per "JOHN BRIGHT," from China. The best Tea ever imported in Bombay, each kind in small Boxes.
Extra fine Pekoe Congou.
Extra finest Breakfast Congou.
Extra finest Breakfast Soughwong.—Worth Trial.
Apply to DADABHOY RUTTONJEE & Co., Nesbit Lane, Fort.

FOR SALE.—Just arrived by Overland Mail and per "CORONA"
Salted Beef in Tierces and Barrel.
Do. Pork do. do. do.
Preserved Assorted Meat.
Egyptian Flour in Barrel.
Apply to the undersigned.
DADABHOY RUTTONJEE & Co.
Nesbit Lane, Fort.

HORSES.—HORSES.—HORSES.—NUSSERWANJEE MANECKJEE'S SONS beg most respectfully to inform their Customers, and public in general that they have this day received a fresh Batch of 43 ARAB HORSES from "Eniza" belonging to the well-known Arab Merchant MUSSAN. Comprising of Hunters, Chargers, Racers, and Showy Riding Horses.

Nusserwanjee Manecksjee's Sons faithfully recommend a visit to their Stables, at Byculla, as the "Horses," are well worth looking at.
31, Byculla Stables, 1st February 1868.

THE "TOMAHAWK."

A SATURDAY JOURNAL OF SATIRE. *(Illustrated.)*

THE undersigned have been requested to act as Agents for the above paper for Western India, and will receive advance subscriptions to and supply it from the first issue of November next. Back numbers will also be ordered for those wishing to be supplied with them.

Rate of Subscription in Bombay.....Rs. 10½ a year.
to Outstations residents,, 14½ ,,

☞ Sample numbers can be seen at our rooms.
CHESSON & WOODHALL.

Bombay, 12th Oct., 1867.

KINLOCH AND ALLAN, IRON MERCHANTS, Marine Street.
Galvanized Corrugated Iron 20, 22, and 24 gauge.
" Ridging and Fittings.
Bar, Plate, Sheet and Hoop Iron.
Cast and Blister Steel.
Cast and Wrought Iron Pipes.
Lead Pipes.
Sheet Lead.
Zinc Sheets.
Rivets, Bolts, and Nuts.
Nails, Oils, Paints, Rope.
India Rubber Sheet.
Ornamental Cast Iron Railing.
Steam Crane to lift 5 tons.
Steam Gauges and Gauge Glasses.
Lambert's Bib and Stop Cocks.
Hardware.
Estimates given for all classes of Iron Work.
Bombay, 10th January, 1868.

ST. ANDREW'S LIBRARY.

THACKER, VINING & Co.

NEW BOOKS RECEIVED BY THE LAST MAIL.

Palgrave's Travels in Arabia, cheap edition	.....	Rs. 5-12
Hunting Grounds of the Old World by the "Old Shekary," cheap edition	.....	4 8
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Mrs. Oliphant's Agnes, cheaper edition	.....	3 12
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"The Bird." by Jules Michelet. Two hundred engravings	.....	8 0
The Forest, the Jungle and the Prairie, or Hunting Scenes	.....	3 12
Blackley and Howe's Critical English Testament vol. 3	.....	4 8
Milman's Horace. Now Popular edition	.....	5 12
Lord Derby's Homer. New and cheaper edition. 2 vols	.....	7 8
My Mother—by Ann Taylor	.....	3 12
London Society, Vol. 12	.....	7 0
Von Sybel's History of FrenchRevolution, 2 vols	.....	18 0
White's Massacre of St. Bartholomew	.....	12 0
Scrutator's Science of Fox Hunting	.....	3 12
"No Thoroughfare," by C. Dickens and Wilkie Collins	.....	0 4
Supplement to Thring's Joint Stock Companies Act 1867	.....	1 8
Braithwaite's Retrospect, Vols. July to Dec. 1867	.....	4 3
Joseph Sprout: His Opinions	.....	2 12
Leisure Hour, vol. 1867	.....	9 4
Memorials of Sir Philip Francis, 2 vols	.....	22 8
Baring Gould's Curious Myths of the Middle ages	.....	6 12
Fairy Tales, by Mark Lemon, second series	.....	5 0
Henderson's Life of James Ferguson, engravings	.....	10 8
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Shortly Expected.

Leaves from a Journal of Life in the Highland, Tours and Yachting Excursions, 1842 to 1861, by Her Majesty the Queen	.....	Rs. 8 0
Mr. Darwin's new work "on the Variation of Animals and Plants under Domestication" 2 vols...	.....	21 0

THACKER, VINING & Co.
Rampart Row.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

FOR SALE.—Superior Golden SHERRY, 1 dozen quarts,—Rs. 16 per dozen.
2, Rampart Row. TIMMIS WORMALD & Co.

J. & C. WHITE & CO.'s WINES as follows.—Sherry, quarts, in 2 dozen Cases.
Port, quarts, in 2 dozen Cases.
Port, pints, in 4 dozen Cases.
Apply to GEORGE S. KING & Co.

FOR SALE.—At the Godowns of the undersigned, Messrs. J. COCKBURN and CAMPBELL'S (Edinburgh) well known Wines.

Fine Pale Sherry in 3 Doz. cases qts. Rs. 27	per Doz.		
do.	do.	29	"
Superior Port in 3 & 2 Doz. cases qts. Rs. 27			"
2	" pts.	14	"
Old "		Rs. 30	"
Brandy Tom 1	"	" 32	"

Whiskey Rs. 15 per Dozen.
1st September 1865. EWART, LATHAM & Co.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned, the following WINES, shipped by Messrs FREDERICK GIESLER (Hz & Co., London:—

CHAMPAGNE...	Quarts in Cases of	.....	1 doz. each.
Do.	...Pints	do.	..... 2 "
MOSELLE	.....Quarts	do.	..... 1 "
Do.	.....Pints	do.	..... 2 "
HOCK	.....(Hockheimer)	Quarts. do	.. 1 "
Do.	.....(Marcobrunner)	Qts. do	... 1 "

EAU DE COLOGNE ..... 6 Bottles in a Box

ALSO,

Shipped by Messrs. Block, Grey, and Block.
SUPERIOR LAROSE CLARET in cases of 1 doz. each
Do. .....(St. Julien) ..... 1 "
W. NICOL & Co.

FOR SALE.—APPLY TO GADDUM & Co.—FROM KEYL & Co., BORDEAUX.

		Per dozen.	
CLARET.	Medoc	Rs. 7-8	Pints,
	do.	12 ,,	Quarts.
	St. Laurent	18 ,,	"
	Chateau Beltasse	0 ,,	"
	Do.	25 ,,	"
CHAMPAGNE.	Moet and Chandon's	29 ,,	"
COGNAC	1st quality	35 ,,	"
	2nd ,,	25 ,,	"

From C. A. Kupferberg Mayence.

SPARKLING MOSELLE	SCHWARZBERG	30 ,,	
	"	16 ,,	Pints.
	IMPERIAL	32 ,,	Quarts.
	"	17 ,,	Pints.
	DIE PERLE DES RHEINS	35 ,,	Quarts.
	MOSELLE	24 ,,	"
	"	13 ,,	Pints.
	JOHANNISBERG	33 ,,	Quarts.
	"	17-8	Pints.

HOWARD BROTHERS

WINES, BEER, AND SPIRITS.

SPIRITS.

Brandy—three brands.
Gin—Old Tom, and Geneva.
Whiskey—Royal Crown Irish.

SPARKLING WINES.

Champagne—Giesler's and Ayala Albrechts.
Moselle—Deinhord's and Jodocius Freres.
Burgundy—Boulan's Red and white.

STILL WINES.

Clarets—St. Julien to Chateau Lafitte.
Rehnish—Deinhord's and Jodocious Freres.
Burgundy—Boulan's "Beamie."

DRY WINES.

Sherry—Five marks.
Madeira—Very Old.
Port—Three marks.

MALT LIQUORS.

Ale—Bass' Allsopp, and Tennants.
Porter—Guinness' Extra Foreign Stout.
For sale at the Godowns 4 Medow Street.
N.B.—Detailed price liste available at the office.
ROGHE & Co.,
Agents.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

INDIA PALE ALE from Wm. Younger & Co.'s old established Brewery, Edinburgh, bottled expressly for India and in excellent condition, now ready.
Rs. 4½ per dozen quarts.
Rs. 3½ per dozen pints.
In casks of 4 Doz. qts., and 8 Doz. pts. Apply to
Fort, November, 1867. BLACKWELL & Co.

BRANDY, WHISKEY, &c.—For sale.

Dunville's V. R. Irish Whiskey	.....	Rs. 16 per Doz.
Otard, Dupuy's fine Cognac	.....	,, 24 ,,
Hungarian Wines Voslauer and Goldeck	.....	,, 18 & Rs. 23
Still Hocks from H. Hunter and Son	.....	,, 25 to Rs. 42
Clarets fine	.....	,, 20 to Rs. 35

Fort, November, 1867. BLACKWELL & Co.

FOR SALE AT THE GODOWNS OF THE UNDERSIGNED.

Bass's Beer in Quarts a'	.....	Rs. 5 8 per doz.
Pure Pale dry Sherry	.....	,, 36 0 ,,
Very fine old Brandy	.....	,, 40 0 ,,
Vieux Cognac	.....	,, 30 0 ,,
Claret	.....	,, 25 0 ,,

EDWARD BIGG & Co.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned, Messrs. Thomas Dunkin & Sons' BRANDIES, Champagne Cognac in 1 and 3 doz. cases, at Rs. 23 0 p. doz.

Vieux	"	Do.	" 18 0 "
Cognac	"	Do.	" 16 0 "

Mr. Ayala Albrecht's Chatean D'AY Champagne, Quarts, 1 doz. in each case.....Rs. 30 per case.
Pints, 2 do. do. ..... 32 "
RENNIE, SCOVELL & Co.

PRICE LIST:—

CHAMPAGNE.		Quarts	Rs.
The Pearl	T. Newhouse	,,	30
Rubis	do.	,,	28
Champagne	do.	,,	24
Champagne	do.	,,	18
Superbne Champagne	B. E. Perrier	,,	30
Aux Armes de Reims	Gurt Gibert	,,	24
Dg.	do.	Pints	25
Aux 2 Ecussons	do.	Quarts	28
Aux Medailles	do.	,,	31
SPARKLING HOCK AND MOSELLE			
Sparkling Schwarrhafberg	Ja. F. Kehrmann	Quarts	34
do. Hock	do.	,,	22
do. Moselle	Muscatel	do.	,, 22
do. Moselle	No. 2 T. Newhouse	,,	30
do. Moselle	No. 2	do.	Pints 31
do. Moselle	No. 1	do.	Quarts 22
do. Moselle	No. 1	do.	Pints 22
STILL HOCK.			
Still Hock	Gebr. Schmita	Quarts	17
do.	do.	,,	15
Laubenheimer	G. M, Palestmannon.	,,	15
Liebfrancemilch	do.	,,	20
Boxbentel Steinmein	do.	,,	20
Queen Victoria Vineyard	do.	,,	48
do. do.	do.	,,	54
CLARETS.			
St. Julien Medoc	Van Overzee & Co.	Quarts	9
St. Estephe le Medoc	H. Hermonant & Co.	,,	12
St. Emilion	do.	,,	9
Chateau Belleone	do.	,,	13
Chateau Leoville	do.	,,	19
Chateau Larose	do.	,,	24
Chateau de Franc	H. and C. Balarque	,,	19
SUNDRY WINES AND BRANDIES.			
Sherry No. 2	T. Newhouse	Quarts	18
do. ,, 3	do.	,,	22
do. ,, 4	do.	,,	26
Port Wine ,, 1	do.	,,	18
do. ,, 2	do.	,,	22
do. ,, 3	do.	,,	28
Ginger Wine	do.	,,	17
Old Jamaica Rum	do.	,,	20
Champagne Cognac	and C. Balarque	,,	22
Bombamp of Maagbitter	24	Pints	20
do. do.	48½	,,	20
Brandy	H. Hileclot & Co.		22
do.	do.		20
Bombay,	VOLKART BROTHERS.		

A. LAING, Machinist, and General Mechanic and Gun and Pistol maker. From Edinburgh, Cursetjee Socklajee Street, Byculla.

ROYAL HOTEL, FORT.—CLARENDON FAMILY HOTEL, BYCULLA.—The Proprietors of the above old establishments have much pleasure in stating that they have recently made extensive alterations and prepared to accommodate families at all times at moderate charges. Carriages to be had at landing passeing.

Now received

FOLDING IRON CAMP BEDSTEADS, manufactured specially for Thacker, Vining & Co. These should be in the possession of all travellers who prize health and comfort. They can be put together in one minute, and are up to any weight whilst their extreme portability enables them to be placed under the seat of any railway carriage. Size when open 6 feet 6 by 2 feet 4, weight 50 pounds; price Rs. 40.
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING & Co.

WATERPROOF ROLL CORK MATTRESSES. These may be used either with or without the above, and are equally portable. By a simple arrangement a change or two of clothes may be rolled up inside, the whole forming a waterproof package. Size 6½ feet long, 2½ feet broad, weight 6 p unds; price Rs. 18.
Rampart Row. THACKER, VINING & Co.

VULCANISED INDIA-RUBBER CANVAS SHEETS; spread upon the ground they are an eff